

Faculty of Environmental Management and Agriculture

WEST POMERANIAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY IN SZCZECIN, POLAND

THE OFFER FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS FOR THE YEAR 2021/2022 FIRST DEGREE

	Course title	Person responsible for the course	Semester (winter/summer)	ECTS points	Hours
1	ABIOTIC AND BIOTIC STRESS IN PLANTS	Marcelina Krupa-Małkiewicz	winter/summer	5	40
2	AGRICULTURAL BIOMASS PRODUCTION FOR ENERGY PURPOSES	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
3	AGROPHYSICS	Romualda Bejger	winter/summer	3	20
4	ALTERNATIVE QUELLEN DER ENERGIE IN DER LANDWIRTSCHAFT	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
5	ANBAUTECHNOLOGIE VON GETREIDE UND LEGUMINOSEN	Marek Bury	winter/summer	6	65
6	ANBAUTECHNOLOGIE VON INDUSTRIEPFLANZEN UND HACKFRÜCHTEN	Marek Bury	winter/summer	6	65
7	ANBAU VON ALTERNATIV- PFLANZENARTEN	Marek Bury	winter/summer	3	30
8	ANBAU VON ENERGIEPFLANZEN	Marek Bury	winter/summer	6	65
9	AQUATIC PLANTS	Małgorzata Gałczyńska	winter/summer	6	60
10	ARABLE LAND MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
11	BASICS OF BIOTECHNOLOGY	Marcelina Krupa-Małkiewicz	winter/summer	5	45
12	BASICS OF WATER MANAGEMENT IN THE CATCHMENT	Grzegorz Jarnuszewski	winter/summer	2	14
13	BIOCHEMISTRY	Arkadiusz Telesiński	winter/summer	5	45
14	BIOMASSEPRODUKTION ZUR ENERGIEGEWINNUNG	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
15	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION	Piotr Masojć	winter/summer	6	60
16	BIOTECHNOLOGY IN AGRICULTURE	Piotr Masojć	winter/summer	6	60
17	BIOTECHNOLOGY OF HERBAL PLANTS	Marcelina Krupa-Małkiewicz	winter/summer	5	40
18	CROPS OF THE TROPICS AND SUBTROPICS	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
19	CULTIVATION TECHNOLOGY OF CEREALS AND LEGUMES	Marek Bury	winter/summer	6	65
20	CULTIVATION TECHNOLOGY OF ENERGY CROPS	Marek Bury	winter/summer	6	60
21	CULTIVATION TECHNOLOGY OF ROOT CROPS AND INDUSTRIAL PLANTS	Marek Bury	winter/summer	6	65
22	DECORATING WITH PLANTS	Piotr Salachna	winter/summer	4	30
23	DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	Arkadiusz Telesiński	winter/summer	5	50
24	ECOLOGICAL CONTROL OF PESTS	Magdalena Karbowska- Dzięgielewska	winter/summer	3	30
25	ECOLOGY	Joanna Podlasińska	winter/summer	5	50
26	ECOMONITORING AND BIOINDICATION	Joanna Podlasińska	winter/summer	5	40
27	ECOTOXICOLOGY	Arkadiusz Telesiński	winter/summer	5	45

	Course title	Person responsible for the course	Semester (winter/summer)	ECTS points	Hours
28	EDIBLE FLOWERS	Kamila Bojko	winter/summer	5	40
29	ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY	Małgorzata Włodarczyk	winter/summer	7	75
30	ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY	Małgorzata Gałczyńska	winter/summer	6	60
31	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION	Joanna Podlasińska	winter/summer	5	40
32	EVOLUTION ON MOLECULAR LEVEL	Piotr Masojć	winter/summer	3	30
33	FLORAL DESIGN	Piotr Salachna	winter/summer	4	30
34	FRUIT-GROWING	Piotr Chełpiński	winter/summer	5	45
35	FUNDAMENTALS OF GENETICS	Stefan Stojałowski	winter/summer	5	50
36	FUNDAMENTALS OF SOIL SCIENCE WITH ELEMENTS OF SOIL CARTOGRAPHY	Marek Podlasiński	winter/summer	5	50
37	GENERAL CHEMISTRY	Małgorzata Włodarczyk	winter/summer	7.0	75
38	GENETICALLY MODIFIED CROPS	Miłosz Smolik	winter/summer	3	23
39	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY ANALYSIS	Marek Podlasiński	winter/summer	5	45
40	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS IN ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AND SPATIAL PLANNING	Marek Podlasiński	winter/summer	5	45
41	GROWING OF ALTERNATIVE PLANT SPECIES	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
42	INTEGRATED WEED CONTROL METHODS	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
43	LANDSCAPE DESIGN	Magdalena Rzeszotarska-Pałka	summer	6	60
44	LIFE CYCLE ASSESMENT	Małgorzata Gałczyńska	winter/summer	4	30
45	LIQUID BIOFUELS	Małgorzata Hawrot-Paw	winter/summer	3	30
46	MATHEMATICAL MODELING	Arkadiusz Telesiński	winter/summer	5	40
47	MATHS	Arkadiusz Telesiński	winter/summer	5	45
48	MEDICINAL AND AROMATIC PLANTS	Kamila Bojko	winter/summer	5	45
49	MICROBIOLOGICAL TRANSFORMATION OF BIOMASS	Małgorzata Hawrot-Paw	winter/summer	3	30
50	MICROBIOLOGY	Krystyna Cybulska	winter/summer	4	30
51	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	Piotr Masojć	winter/summer	6	60
52	MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS OF CULTIVATED PLANTS	Paweł Milczarski	winter/summer	3	30
53	MOLECULAR GENETICS OF PLANTS	Piotr Masojć	winter/summer	6	60
54	NATURAL ANTIOXIDANTS IN HORTICULTURAL CROPS	Arkadiusz Telesiński	winter/summer	4	30
55	NON-AGRICULTURAL SOURCES OF BIOMASS	Grzegorz Jarnuszewski	winter/summer	1	12

	Course title	Person responsible for the course	Semester (winter/summer)	ECTS points	Hours
56	NUTZPFLANZEN DER TROPEN UND SUBTROPEN	Marek Bury	winter/summer	4	30
57	ORNAMENTAL PLANTS	Agnieszka Zawadzińska	winter/summer	6	60
58	ORNAMENTAL PLANTS IN THE WORLD	Agnieszka Zawadzińska	winter/summer	3	30
59	ORNAMENTAL POT PLANTS	Agnieszka Zawadzińska	winter/summer	3	30
60	PHOTOGRAPHY	Ewa Miśkiewicz-Żebrowska	winter/summer	3	30
61	PHYTOREMEDIATION POTENTIAL OF AQUATIC PLANTS	Małgorzata Gałczyńska	winter/summer	6	60
62	PLANT PATHOLOGY	Janusz Błaszkowski	winter/summer	6	60
63	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	Jacek Wróbel	winter/summer	5	40
64	PLANT TISSUE CULTURES	Danuta Kulpa	winter/summer	6	60
65	POSTHARVEST BIOLOGY AND TECHNOLOGY OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES	Kamila Bojko	winter/summer	5	45
66	PRESENTATION TECHNIQUES	Ewa Miśkiewicz-Żebrowska	winter/summer	3	30
67	PRINCIPLES OF PLANT BREEDING	Stefan Stojałowski	winter/summer	5	40
68	PROCESSING TECHNOLOGIES OF HERBAL PLANTS	Kamila Bojko	winter/summer	5	45
69	PROCESSING TECHNOLOGIES OF WASTE FOR ENERGY PRODUCTION	Grzegorz Jarnuszewski	winter/summer	3	14
70	PRODUCTION AND THE USE OF SOLID BIOFUELS	Marek Rynkiewicz	winter/summer	3	22
71	QUALITY ASSESSMENT OF SELECTED HORTICULTURAL CROPS	Kamila Bojko	winter/summer	4	30
72	RURAL LANDSCAPE	Magdalena Rzeszotarska-Pałka	summer	3	30
73	SELECTION AND USE OF ORNAMENTAL PLANTS IN THEMATIC GARDENS	Agnieszka Zawadzińska	winter/summer	4	30
74	URBAN LANDSCAPE	Eliza Sochacka-Sutkowska	summer	3	30
75	WATER AND WASTWATER TREATMENT	Hanna Siwek	winter/summer	3	25
76	WATER CHEMISTRY	Hanna Siwek	winter/summer	4	30
77	БИЛКАРСТВО (BILKARSTVO)	Dorota Jadczak	winter/summer	4	30
78	ЗЕЛЕНЧУКОПРОИЗВОДСТВО - 2 ЧАСТ (ZELENCUKOPROIZVODSTVO CAST 2.)	Dorota Jadczak	winter/summer	5	45
79	ЗЕЛЕНЧУКОПРОИЗВОДСТВО - I ЧАСТ (ZELENCUKOPROIZVODSTVO CAST 1.)	Dorota Jadczak	winter/summer	4	30
80	ИНТЕГРИРАНО ПРОИЗВОДСТВО НА ЗЕЛЕНЧУЦИ И БИЛКИ (INTEGRIRANO PROIZVODSTVO NA ZELENCUCI I BILKI)	Dorota Jadczak	winter/summer	4	30

	Course title	Person responsible for the course	Semester (winter/summer)	ECTS points	Hours
81	СЕЛЕКЦИЯ И СЕМЕПРОИЗВОДСТВО НА ЗЕЛЕНЧУКОВИТЕ КУЛТУРИ /SELEKCIYA I SEMEPROIZVODSTVO NA ZELENCUKOVITE KULTURI	Dorota Jadczak	winter/summer	5	45
82	СЪБИРАНЕ НА ДИВОРАСТЯЩИ БИЛКИ (SYBIRANE NA DIVORASTYASTI BILKI)	Dorota Jadczak	winter/summer	4	30

Course title	ABIOTIC AND BIOTIC STRESS IN PLANTS					
Level of course	first cycle					
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture					
Person responsible for the course	Marcelina Krupa-Małkiewicz E-mail address to the person Marcelina.Krupa-Malkiewicz@zut.edu.pl					
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-1	ECTS points	5			
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english			
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40			
Objectives of the course	Theoretical knowledge and practical skills of the students in the field of plant physiology The effect of the main abiotic factors on different organizational and structural levels of the plant organism will be reviewed The module will allow students to obtain deep knowledge of various research methods (greenhouse tests, in vitro culture) to obtain plant tolerant for abiotic stress					
Entry requirements	The fundamental knowledge of genetics ar					
Course contents	During the practices students will train in vitro condition optimalization for selected plants (low and high temperatures, water, light stress, salinity) Student will acquire some practical skills for studying the different ways in which the plant responds to stress Students know how to work in laboratory group and know work safty regulations Students know how to preper the different kind of medium with addition of selectig factor Plant breeding for resistance - today and tomorrow The influence of the different stress factor (low and high temperaturs, water, light stress, salinity, pathogens) on the molecular, phisiological and biochemical levels of the plant organisms Use of various research methods (greenhouse, in vitro culture) to obtain plant tolerant for abiotic stress Use of genetic engineering and molecular biology to obtain plant resistance Presentations and discussions. Written exam					
Assessment methods	Lecture Discussion aboratory written exam assessments of students presentations 1. Ashraf M., Harris PJC, Abiotic stresses - plant resistance trough breeding and molecular approaches, Food					
Recommended readings	Product Press Haworth Press, New York, 20	05				
Knowledge	student will gain a theoretical skills for the	•				
Skills	Student will train in vitro condition optimalization for selected plants. Student will acquire some practical skills for studying the different ways in which the plant respond to stress					
Other social competences	Student know how to work in laboratory gr	oup and know work	safty regulations			

Course title	AGRICULTURAL BIOMASS PRODUCTION FOR ENERGY PURPOSES				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-2	ECTS points	4		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30		
Objectives of the course	Getting to know the sources of agricultural that can serve as "source of energy"	biomass, getting to	know cultivation technologies of special crops		
Entry requirements	Botany, plant nutrition, plant physiology, so	oil science			
Course contents	sorghum, mallow), heat recovery (fast-growing tree species: willow, poplar) or heat and electric power generation (Jerusalem artichoke, Miscanthus, Sida), as well as bioethanol and biodiesel (rye, Triticale, rapeseed) Agricultural biomass production is primarily intended for crop technologies of plant species that are grown in agriculture and are not used for food production but can be grown as renewable raw materials for industry or as an energy source, e.g. in the form of biogas (Sudangras, Sorghum, sugar millet, mallow, cup plant), heat (fast-growing tree species: willow, poplar) or heat & electric energy (Jerusalem artichoke, miscanthus, sida), but also in the form of biogetand and biodiesel (rye, triticale, rapeseed). In addition to cultivation technologies, other sources of biomass are also mentioned, which are produced as by-products or waste products in crop production (for example, straw). It is reported on the economic importance, botany (short characteristics), site conditions (soil and climatic conditions) and selected cultivation methods				
Assessment methods Recommended readings Knowledge	Lecture, multimedia presentation written work (evidence of selected plant species cultivation or biomass production from agriculture) Evaluation of presentation / project 1. Camia A., Robert N., Jonsson R., Pilli, R., García-Condado S., López-Lozano R., van der Velde M., Ronzon T., Gurría P., M'Barek R., Tamosiunas S., Fiore G., Araujo R., Hoepffner N., Marelli L., Giuntoli J., Biomass production, supply, uses and flows in the European Union. First results from an integrated assessment, Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2018, ISBN 978-92-79-77237-5, doi:10.2760/539520, JRC109869 2. Team work, Biomass and agriculture. Sustainability, markets and policies., OECD Publications, Cedex, Paris, 2004, 572 p. 3. Team work, Energy from field energy crops – handbook for energy producers., Publisher Jyväskylä Innovation Oy. Finland, 2009 4. Espinoza L., Kelly J., Grain sorghum production handbook, COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE, University of Arkansas, Litlle Rock, 2003, https://www.uaex.edu/publications/pdf/mp297/MP297.pdf The student will have knowledge of the growing technologies of plant species grown as biomass source for energy production, e.g. in the form of biogas, heat and / or heat & Electric energy and in the form of bioethanol				
Skills		& biodiesel The student will have the knowledge about plant species for biomass production and about their cultivation method			
Other social competences	The student will have skills to recognize the	e suitability of selec	ted plant species for biomass production		

Course title	AGROPHYSICS				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Romualda Bejger	E-mail address to the person	Romualda.Bejger@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-82	ECTS points	3		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	1	Hours per semester	20		
Objectives of the course	Presentation of the most important concepts, principles, laws and theories of physics to the extent necessary for correct understanding and interpretation of processes occurring in nature. Developing students' active attitude towards the acquired knowledge, in particular in terms of using it for independent interpretation of the observed phenomena and processes.				
Entry requirements	basic of physics, basic of general ghemistry	y, physiology of pla	nts		
Course contents	Agrophysics - subject, scope and research objects Soil-Water-Plant-Atmosphere Relationship Influence of physical and physicochemical properties of soils on the growth, yield and fertilization efficiency of crops. Physical and technological properties of plant materials. Mechanical properties of cereal grains. Using of luminescence methods in soil and plant studies.				
Assessment methods	Statistical methods in agrophysics. lecture/multi-media presentation discussion assessmant of the participation in the discussion written exam - test				
Recommended readings	 J. Gliński, J. Horabik, J. Lipiec, W.E.H. Blum, J. de Baerdemaeker, Ch. W. Finkl, R. Horn, Y. Pachepsky, E. V. Shein, K. Konstankiewicz, Encyclopedia of Agrophysics - Encyclopedia of Earth Sciences Series, Springer, The Netherlands, 2011 H. Willard, L. Merritt, J. Dean, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, Wadsworth Publishing Company, New York, 1988 				
Knowledge	Student describes and explains the physical nature of phenomena based on the laws of physics. Student defines the basic and derived physical parameters and units according to SI.				
Skills	Student is able to distinguish between the	physical phenomen	a, the laws of physics, physical parameters, units.		
Other social competences	Student demostrates understanding of the physical phenomena occuring in the nature. Student is aware of the need of self-eductaion.				

Course title	ALTERNATIVE QUELLEN DER ENERGIE IN DER LANDWIRTSCHAFT					
Level of course	first cycle					
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture					
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-3	ECTS points	4			
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	german			
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30			
Objectives of the course	Bei erfolgreichem Abschluss des Faches wird der Student in der Lage sein: - gute Kenntnisse von alternative Quellen der Energie in der Landwirtschaft und von der Bedeutung von gezielten Anbau von Energiepflanzen und Biomasseproduktion in der Energiewirtschaft Europas und Polens haben, - diskutieren über die gezielten Biomasseproduktion und Anbau von Energiepflanzen im Zusammenhang mit dem derzeit besten Verfahren auf dem Markt. - beschreiben eine Pflanzenanbau-technologie und Pflanzenschutz-Programm der verschiedenen biomasseliefernden Pflanzen und Rohstoffen					
Entry requirements	Botanik, Pflanzenernährung, Pflanzenphys	iologie, Bodenkunde	2			
Course contents	Detaillierte Charakterisierung der wichtigsten Rohstoffe für Biomasse- und Biogasnutzung und Biokraftstoffherstellung. Ein- und zweijährige Energiepflanzenarten - Artencharakterisierung, Anforderungen an Klima und Standort (Bodenverhältnisse), agrotechnische Massnahmen zum Anbau und Pflege. Erträge, Qualität der Endprodukten. Mehrjährige Pflanzenarten - Artencharakterisierung, Anforderungen an Klima und Standort (Bodenverhältnisse), agrotechnische Massnahmen zum Anbau und Pflege. Erträge, Qualität der Endprodukten. Kennenlernen der Quellen der Energie aus der Landwirtschaft, Quellen der Biomasse und Bedeutung der Biomasseproduktion auf den landwirtschaftlichen Nutzflächen und Abfällen aus der landwirtschaftlichen Produktion. Kennenlernen von Anbautechnologien von Pflanzenarten gedacht, die als alternative Energie- und Biomassequelle genutzt oder angebaut werden können, z.B. in Form von Biogas (Sorghumhirse, Sudangras, Mais), Wärme/ Holzgas (schnell wachsende Baumarten wie Paulownia) oder Wärme & Elektroenergie (mehrjährige Pflanzenarten wie Silphium, Sida), aber auch in Form von Bioethanol & Biodiesel (Getreide, ZR, Ölfrüchte). Es wird über die wirtschaftliche Bedeutung, Botanik (kurze Charakteristik), Standortbedingungen					
Assessment methods	Vorbereitung von Präsentation / Projektes					
Recommended readings	 Beurteilung des Projektes/ der Präsentation 1. Diepenbrock W., Fischbeck G., Heyland K-U., Spezieller Pflanzenbau, Ulmer Verlag, Stuttgart, 2011 2. Aigner, J., Altenburger J., Übersicht über den Anbau von Alternativpflanzen (Hanf). V: Pflanzenbau, Österreichischer Agrarverlag, Wien, 1997 3. SCHUSTER, W. H.,, Ölpflanzen in Europa, DLG-Verlag, Frankfurt/ Main, 1992 4. Udelgard Korber-Grohne, Nutzpflanzen in Deutschland. Kulturgeschichte und Biologie, Verlag Konrad Theis, Stuttgart, 2001 					
Knowledge			e in der Landwirtschaft und sie/er kennt die bau von Energiepflanzenarten			
Skills	Bedeutung der Biomasse und die Bedeutung des gezielten Anbau von Energiepflanzenarten Die/der Studierende kann die entsprechenden alternativen Quellen der Energie in der LW beschreiben und über die gezielten Biomasseproduktion diskutieren					
Other social competences	Die /der Studierende zeigt ein Verständnis der grundlegenden Prozesse, die es ermöglichen, Energie für Wärme und Kraft zu gewinnen und zu umwandeln, erkennt grundlegende Arten der Energie aus der LW und kann die Möglichkeiten der Energiegewinnung aus alternativen Quellen (z.B. aus Biomasse) zu nennen					

Course title	ANBAUTECHNOLOGIE VON GETREIDE UND LEGUMINOSEN				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / field	course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-4	ECTS points	6		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	german		
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	65		
Objectives of the course	Die Studierenden erwerben detaillierte Ker Qualitätsanforderungen an ihre Produkte u				
Entry requirements	Grundlegende Kenntnisse in Botanik, Pflan				
Course contents	Botanik (kurze Charakteristik), Sortenwahl und Saatverfahren, Düngung, indirekte und direkte Beikraut- und Schaderregerkontrolle, Anlage und Führung von Beständen der wichtigsten landwirtschaftlichen Kulturpflanzen (Getreide einschließlich Mais und Körner- und mehrjährigen Leguminosen. Arbeit mit frischem und getrocknetem Pflanzenmaterial, Erkennen von einzelnen Arten, Kenntniss der Samen, Ertragsstrukturelemente, botanische und pflanzenbauliche Charakteristik von bedeutenden Getreidearten und Leguminosenfrüchten vegetationskundliche Erhebungen (Bestandensdichte, Entwicklungsstadien von Getreidearten und Leguminosen, Ertragsanteilsschätzung) in einem Praxisbetrieb (Landwirtschaftliche Versuchsstation in Lipnik), auf deren Basis werden die Bewirtschaftungsansprüche und Maßnahmen zur Agrotechnik abgeschätzt Anbautechnologie von Getreide und Schmetterlingsblütler umfasst wirtschaftliche Bedeutung, Standortbedingungen (Boden- und Klimaverhältnisse) und die detaillierten Anbauverfahren (mit Bestandeserstellung, Bestandesführung, Ernte) von allen Getreidearten einschließlich Mais, Hirse und Buchweizen sowie Produktqualität. Anbauverfahren von Hülsenfrüchte und mehrjährigen Leguminosen, die in Polen und Europe angebaut sind.				
Assessment methods Recommended readings	 Vorlesung / Multi-media Präsentationen Demonstration - Vorzeigen des frischen und getrockneten Pflanzenmaterial Erkennung von einzelnen Arten Beurteilung von Präsentation / Projektes schriftliche Prüfung (Test) 1. Diepenbrock W., Fischbeck G., Heyland K-U., Knauer N., Spezieller Pflanzenbau, Eugen Ulmer Verlag, Stuttgart, 1999 2. Keller, E. R., H. Hanus & KU. Heyland, Handbuch des Pflanzenbaus 3 – Knollen- und Wurzelfrüchte, Körner- und Futterleguminosen, Verlag Eugen Ulmer, Stuttgart, 1999 3. Heyland K-U., Landwirtschaftliches Lehrbuch. Band 6. Spezieller Pflanzenbau, Verlag Eugen Ulmer, Stuttgart., 1996 				
Knowledge	 4. Lieberei R., Reisdorff Ch., Nutzpflanzenkunde, Thieme, Stuttgart, 2007, 7. Aufl. Der Student hat Kenntnis von der Bedeutung von Getreide und Hülsenfrüchten in der Wirtschaft Europas und Polens, beschreibt die in Europa angebauten Getreide- und Hülsenfrüchtearten. Der Student kennt die Anbautechnik von Getreide und Hülsenfrüchten. Der Student kennt die Wege der Entwicklung (Trends, Richtungen der zukünftigen Nutzung), der Verarbeitung und des korrekten Gebrauches der einzelnen Pflanzenarten Der Student ist in der Lage, die Grundsätze und die Bedeutung der Produktion von Getreide und Hülsenfrüchten 				
Skills Other social	aufzuzählen und kann die geeignete Methode und Technologie des Anbaus wählen, die die Rentabilität der Produktion zu erzielen und wird nicht nachteilig für die Umwelt. Der Student hat die Fähigkeit, Getreide und Hülsenfruchtpflanzen korrekt zu klassifizieren. Gibt das Ertragspotential einzelner Pflanzenarten an. Der Studierende ist bewusst der Bedeutung und des Verständnisses der agrotechnischen Aspekte des				
competences	Ingenieurwesens, einschließlich seiner Aus Entscheidungsverantwortung bewusst	wirkungen auf die L	omweit, und der damit verbundenen		

Course title	ANBAUTECHNOLOGIE VON INDUSTRIEPFLANZEN UND HACKFRÜCHTEN				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / field course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-5	ECTS points	6		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	german		
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	65		
Objectives of the course	Die Studierenden erwerben detaillierte Ker Qualitätsanforderungen an ihre Produkte u				
Entry requirements	Grundlegende Kenntnisse in Botanik, Pflan	zenphysiologie und	Pflanzenbau		
Course contents	Botanik (kurze Charakteristik), Sortenwahl und Saatverfahren, Düngung, indirekte und direkte Beikraut- und Schaderregerkontrolle, Anlage und Führung von Beständen der wichtigsten landwirtschaftlichen Kulturpflanzen (Industriepflanzen und Hackfrüchte). Arbeit mit frischem und getrocknetem Pflanzenmaterial, Erkennen von einzelnen Arten, Kenntniss der Samen, Ertragsstrukturelemente, botanische und pflanzenbauliche Charakteristik von bedeutenden Industriepflanzen und Hackfrüchte vegetationskundliche Erhebungen (Bestandensdichte, Entwicklungsstadien von Industriepflanzen und Hackfrüchten, Ertragsanteilsschätzung) in einem Praxisbetrieb (Landwirtschaftliche Versuchsstation in Lipnik), auf deren Basis werden die Bewirtschaftungsansprüche und Maßnahmen zur Agrotechnik abgeschätzt Anbautechnologie von Industriepflanzen und Hackfrüchte umfasst wirtschaftliche Bedeutung, Standortbedingungen (Boden- und Klimaverhältnisse) und die detaillierten Anbauverfahren (mit Bestandeserstellung, Bestandesführung, Ernte) von allen Industriepflanzen (öl- und fasernliefernden Pflanzen wie Raps, Leindotter, Ölsenf, Lein und Flachs, Hanf) und wichtigen Hackfrüchten (Kartoffeln, Zuckerrüben, Futtermöhren) und Zwischenfrüchte sowie Produktqualität. Anbauverfahren von Industriepflanzen und Hackfrüchte, die in Polen und Europe angebaut sind.				
Assessment methods	Vorlesung / Multi-media Präsentationen Demonstration - Vorzeigen des frischen und getrockneten Pflanzenmaterial Erkennung von einzelnen Arten Beurteilung des Projektes/ der Präsentation Schriftliche Prüfung (Test)				
Recommended readings	 Diepenbrock W., Fischbeck G., Heyland K-U., Knauer N., Spezieller Pflanzenbau, Eugen Ulmer Verlag, Stuttgart, 1999 Keller, E. R., H. Hanus & KU. Heyland, Handbuch des Pflanzenbaus 3 – Knollen- und Wurzelfrüchte, Körner- und Futterleguminosen, Verlag Eugen Ulmer, Stuttgart, 1999 Heyland K-U., Landwirtschaftliches Lehrbuch. Band 6. Spezieller Pflanzenbau, Verlag Eugen Ulmer, Stuttgart., 1996 Lieberei R., Reisdorff Ch., Nutzpflanzenkunde, Thieme, Stuttgart, 2007, 7. Aufl. Dambroth M., Flachs: Züchtung, Anbau u. Verarbeitung, Eugen Ulmer Verlag, Stuttgart, 1988 				
Knowledge	Der Student hat Kenntnis von der Bedeutung von Industriepfflanzen und Hackfrüchten in der Wirtschaft Europas und Polens, beschreibt die in Europa angebauten Industriepflanzen- und Hackfrüchtearten. Der Student kennt die Anbautechnik von Industriepflanzen und Hackfrüchten. Der Student kennt die Wege der Entwicklung (Trends, Richtungen der zukünftigen Nutzung), der Verarbeitung und des korrekten Gebrauches der einzelnen Pflanzenarten				
Skills	Der Student ist in der Lage, die Grundsätze und die Bedeutung der Produktion von Industriepflanzen- und Hackfrüchtearten aufzuzählen und kann die geeignete Methode und Technologie des Anbaus wählen, die die Rentabilität der Produktion zu erzielen und wird nicht nachteilig für die Umwelt. Der Student hat die Fähigkeit, Industriepflanzen- und Hackfrüchtearten korrekt zu klassifizieren. Gibt das Ertragspotential einzelner Pflanzenarten an.				
Other social competences	Der Studierende ist bewusst der Bedeutung und des Verständnisses der agrotechnischen Aspekte des Ingenieurwesens, einschließlich seiner Auswirkungen auf die Umwelt, und der damit verbundenen Entscheidungsverantwortung bewusst				

Course title	ANBAU VON ALTERNATIV-PFLANZENARTEN					
Level of course	first cycle					
Teaching method	lecture	lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-6	ECTS points	3			
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	german			
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30			
Objectives of the course	Die Studierenden erwerben detaillierte Ker Qualitätsanforderungen an ihre Produkte u ackerbaulich genutzte Arten in gemäßigter	nd ihre pflanzenbau	edeutendsten Alternativpflanzenarten, die uliche Produktionstechnik, schwerpunktmäßig für			
Entry requirements	Grundlegende Kenntnisse in Botanik, Pflan	zenphysiologie und	Pflanzenbau			
Course contents	Anbau von Alternativpflanzen ist den Anbautechnologien von Pflanzenarten gedacht, die zur Nahrungsproduktion und als Rohstoffe für Kosmetik-Industrie, z.B. Zuckerhirse, Buchweizen, Quinoa, Amaranthus, Öllein, Borretsch, Russische Löwenzahn, Leindotter, Wunderbaum) Auch Färbepflanzen (Krapp, Resede, Waid). Es wird über die wirtschaftliche Bedeutung, Botanik (kurze Charakteristik), Standortbedingungen (Boden- und Klimaverhältnisse) und gewählte Anbauverfahren berichtet					
Assessment methods	Vorlesung / Multi-media Präsentationen Erkennung von einzelnen Arten					
Recommended readings	 Diepenbrock W., Fischbeck G., Heyland K-U., Knauer N., Spezieller Pflanzenbau, Eugen Ulmer Verlag, Stuttgart, 1999 SCHUSTER, W. H., Ölpflanzen in Europa, DLG-Verlag, Frankfurt/Main, 1992 KÖRBER-GROHNE U., Hülsenfrüchte, unsere Quelle fürs pflanzliche Eiweiß, Verlag Konrad Theis, Stuttgart, 1987, In: Nutzpflanzen in Deutschland. Kulturgeschichte und Biologie. 97-139 Aigner, J., Altenburger J., Übersicht über den Anbau von Alternativpflanzen (Hanf). V: Pflanzenbau, Österreichischer Agrarverlag, Wien, 1997 					
Knowledge	Der Student hat Kenntnis von der Bedeutu die Anbautechnik von Alternativpflanzenar	ten	lanzenarten in der Wirtschaft. Der Student kennt			
Skills	Der Student ist in der Lage, die Grundsätze und die Bedeutung der Produktion von Alternativpflanzenarten aufzuzählen und kann die geeignete Methode und Technologie des Anbaus wählen, die die Rentabilität der Produktion garantiert					
Other social competences	Der Studierende ist bewusst der Bedeutung und des Verständnisses der agrotechnischen Aspekte des Ingenieurwesens, einschließlich seiner Auswirkungen auf die Umwelt, und der damit verbundenen Entscheidungsverantwortung bewusst					

Course title	ANBAU VON ENERGIEPFLANZEN				
Level of course	ïrst cycle				
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lectur	ſe			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-7	ECTS points	6		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	german		
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	65		
Objectives of the course	Die Studierenden erwerben detaillierte Ken Qualitätsanforderungen an ihre Produkte u ackerbaulich genutzte Arten in gemäßigter	nd ihre pflanzenbau	deutendsten Energiepflanzenarten, die Jliche Produktionstechnik, schwerpunktmäßig für		
Entry requirements	Grundlegende Kenntnisse in Botanik, Pflanz	zenphysiologie und	Pflanzenbau		
Course contents	 Botanik (kurze Charakteristik), Sortenwahl und Saatverfahren, Düngung, indirekte und direkte Beikraut- und Schaderregerkontrolle, Anlage und Führung von Beständen der wichtigsten ein- und mehrjährigen Energiepflanzenarten. Arbeit mit frischem und getrocknetem Pflanzenmaterial, Erkennen von einzelnen Arten, Kenntniss der Samen, Ertragsstrukturelemente, botanische und pflanzenbauliche Charakteristik von bedeutenden Energiepflanzen Anbau von Energiepflanzenarten ist den Anbautechnologien von Pflanzenarten gedacht, die nicht zur Nahrungsproduktion dienen, sondern als Rohstoffe für Industrie, z.B. Zuckerhirse, Öllein, Raps, Leindotter, als Energie zur Verbrennung oder Biokraftstoffe genutzt werden z.B. in Form von Biogas (Sudangras, Zuckerhirse, Malve), Wärme (schnell wachsende Baumarten: Weide, Pappeln) oder Wärme & Elektroenergie (Topinambur, Miscanthus), aber auch in Form von Bioethanol & Biodiesel (Roggen, Triticale, Raps). Es wird über die wirtschaftliche Bedeutung, Botanik (kurze Charakteristik), Standortbedingungen (Boden- und Klimaverhältnisse und gewählte Anbauverfahren berichtet 				
Assessment methods	Vorlesung / Multi-media Präsentationen Erkennung von einzelnen Arten Beurteilung von Präsentation / Projektes schriftliche Arbeit (Ausfüllen von technologische Karte)				
Recommended readings	 Diepenbrock W., Fischbeck G., Heyland K-U., Knauer N., Spezieller Pflanzenbau, Eugen Ulmer Verlag, Stuttgart, 1999 SCHUSTER, W. H., Ölpflanzen in Europa, DLG-Verlag, Frankfurt/Main, 1992 Aigner, J., Altenburger J., Übersicht über den Anbau von Alternativpflanzen (Hanf). V: Pflanzenbau, Österreichischer Agrarverlag, Wien, 1997 				
Knowledge	Anbautechnik von Energiepflanzenarten		izen in der Wirtschaft. Der Student kennt die		
Skills	Der Student ist in der Lage, die Grundsätze und die Bedeutung der Produktion von Energiepflanzenarten aufzuzählen und kann die geeignete Methode und Technologie des Anbaus wählen, die die Rentabilität der Produktion garantiert				
Other social competences	Der Studierende ist bewusst der Bedeutung und des Verständnisses der agrotechnischen Aspekte des Ingenieurwesens, einschließlich seiner Auswirkungen auf die Umwelt, und der damit verbundenen Entscheidungsverantwortung bewusst				

Course title	AQUATIC PLANTS				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Gałczyńska E-mail address to the person Malgorzata.Galczynska@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-8	ECTS points	6		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60		
Objectives of the course	The goals of this course are: 1) to become familiar with the habitats where aquatic plants are commonly found, 2) to understand macrophyte methods to assess the trophic states of water bodies in Europe 3) to understand the functioning of nutrient cycles in aquatic systems, 4) to understand the concepts of restoration and constructed wetlands, 5) become familiar with aquatic nuisance plant species and their role in the environment, 6) become familiar with the primary literature (scientific journals and reference books) in this field. The lab portion will focus on use of small ecosystems for study, short field trips to local river and lake, and familiarization with field instruments and water testing kits.				
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of general chemistry	5			
	Basic knowledge of environmental chemist				
	Identification of some aquatic plants during	g field trip			
	Measurement of pH				
	Determination of dissolved oxygen in water				
	Determination of nitrogen and phosphorus compounds in water				
Course contents	Statictical analyses Definition of aquatic plants. Morphological types of hydrophytes. Morphological and physiological adaptation of aquatic plants Role of aquatic plants in monitoring and assessment of water quality				
	Nutrient cycles in aquatic systems				
	Role of aquatic plants in environmental clean-up. Constructed wetlands (trophic interactions in macrophyte beds, types of contaminants commonly reported in wastewaters, mechanism of removal of contaminants, potential of constructed wetlands in cleaning domestic and industrial wastewaters, stormwater treatment with floating aquatic plants, growth factors of aquatic plants, future aspects of this technology).				
	Aquatic plant restoration				
	Aquatic weeds and control of aquatic vegetation				
	Multimedia presentations				
	Discussion				
Assessment methods	Laboratory exercises				
	Assessment of the homework assignments				
	Essay - mitigation proposal for constructed urban aquatic habitats				
	Reports of water analysis and determinatio	n of aquatic plant			
	1. Bhupinder Dhir, Phytoremediation: role of	of aquatic plants in e	environmental clean-up., Springer, 2013		
Recommended	2. Craig S. Campbell, Michael Ogden, Constructed Wetlands in the Sustainable Landscape, 1999				
readings	3. Jan Vymazal, 3. The role of natural and landscape, 2014	constructed wetland	ds in nutrient cycling and retention on the		
Knowledge	Student gains theoretical and practical knowledge related to the circulation of elements in nature and their migration in the soil-water-plant system				
Skills	Student gains skills self-assessment of water quality by macrophyte methods and describes some aquatic plants, that are used in constructed wetlands. Moreover, he/she can do chemical analysis of water in hydroponic culture in environmental laboratories.				
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding of phenomena occurring in the aquatic ecosystem. Student sees the need of self-development and further education. Furthermore, every student organizes and leads researches in a team. Students are responsible for ensured equipment.				

Course title	ARABLE LAND MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-9	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	Getting to know the present farming system and permaculture)	ms on arable land (conventional, integrated and ecological system	
Entry requirements	history of agriculture, botanic, crop rotation	n, plant cultivation		
Course contents	Optimization of the physico-chemical properties of soils in protection against environmental degradation caused by agricultural activities. Sources and role of organic mass in protection of soil production potential. Projects of crop rotation and selection of agrotechnics in specific habitat conditions and management system, taking into account impact on the soil environment Management systems and environmental biodiversity. Characteristics of modern agricultural systems. Conventional, integrated and ecological farming in the world in the EU and Poland - development perspectives. Permaculture. Soil cultivation, fertilization and soil fertility depending on the management system. Plant protection rules depending on the management method. Legal regulations and organic farming attestation. The quality of agricultural produce depending on the manner of farming - the organic food market.			
Assessment methods	written work or prepared presentation or project Evaluation of presentation / of the project			
Recommended readings	 Gołaś Z., Development of organic farming in Poland., J. Agribus. Rural Development, 4(42), 533–543., 2016, DOI: 10.17306/JARD.2016.80 David W Archer, Jose G Franco, Jonathan J Halvorson, and Krishna P Pokharel, Integrated Farming Systems, Elsevier Inc. USDA Agricultural Research Service, Northern Great, 2018 David Pimentel, Paul Hepperly, James Hanson, Rita Seidel, David Douds, Organic and Conventional Farming Systems: Environmental and Economic Issues., Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, USA, 2005 Bill Mollison, PERMACULTURE A Designers Manual, A Tagari Publication, Sisters Creek, Tyalgum, Australia, 2002, second edition, https://docer.pl/doc/n1n1xns ; 601 p. Bill Mollison, Introduction to permaculture, Yankee Permaculture, Sparr, Florida, USA, 2001, ninth edition 			
Knowledge	The student will have knowledge of the present farming systems on arable land (conventional, integrated and ecological) and could explain differences between the systems and discuss the pros and cons (advantages and disadvantages)			
Skills	The student will have the skill for characteristics of modern agricultural systems and the student will have skills to recognize them			
Other social competences	The student will have competence to recognize how farmers adjust their farming and life according to ownership, labour, mechanizations, perceptions of climate change etc.			

Course title	BASICS OF BIOTECHNOLOGY				
Level of course	first cycle	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Marcelina Krupa-Małkiewicz E-mail address to the person Marcelina.Krupa-Malkiewicz@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-10	ECTS points	5		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45		
Objectives of the course	Theoretical knowledge and practical skills of Comparison of conventional and biotechno				
Entry requirements	The fundamental knowledge of genetic and propagation	d cell function. struc	ture and physiology, basic knowledge of plant		
Course contents	Agarose gel electrophoresis Isolation of genome DNA Polymerase Chain Reaction -PCR Use of various research methods (molecular, in vitro) to obtain new plant Use of genetic engineering and molecular biology to obtain plant resistance The usefulness of in vitro culture in plnt breeding Plant breeding today and tomorrow Agarose gel electrophoresis Isolation of genome DNA Polymerase Chain Reaction GMO Use of various research method to obtain new plant Use of genetic engineering and molecular biology to obtain plant resistance The usefulness of in vitro culture in plant breeding Written exam				
Assessment methods	lecture laboratory disscussion written exam assessment of students presentations				
Recommended readings	1. Chawla H, Introduction to plant biotechnology, Science Publisher, 2002				
Knowledge	Student wiil be acquainted with role of genetic diversity in plant breeding				
Skills	Student will acquire skills for investgate the genetic diversity by using molecular markers and in vitro culture				
Other social competences	Student will know how to work in laboratory group, and know work safety regulations				

Course title	BASICS OF WATER MANAGEMENT IN THE CATCHMENT			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Grzegorz Jarnuszewski E-mail address to the person Grzegorz.Jarnuszewski@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-11	ECTS points	2	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	0	Hours per semester	14	
Objectives of the course	Knowlegde of water management, the ro assess the priority use of water in the cat	les of water resource chment and assessm	s and stakeholders in the catchment. Ability to nent of the amount of water available.	
Entry requirements	Fundamental knowledge of hydrology			
	Watersheed area, topographic and underground catchment			
	Water balance in watersheed			
	Disposal of water resources			
	Agricultural catchment			
Course contents	Planning in water management			
	Basics of hydrology			
	Water cycle in the catchment			
	Assesment methods of amount and water quality			
	Water management			
	Lectures/multimedia presentation			
	Laboratories/case method, discussion			
Assessment methods	elaboartion			
	test			
		ide to Hydrological P	ractices Volume I, WMO, Geneva, Switzerland,	
Recommended	2003 2. Loucks D.P. and Van BEEK E., Water Resources System Planning and Management, Unite Nations			
readings	Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Turin, Italy, 2005			
	3. Edwards P.J, Wiliard K.W.J., Schoonover J.E., Fundamentals of Watershed Hydrology, Journal of Contemporary Water Research & Education, 2015, 154			
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of water management, water resources the roles of water resources and stakeholders in the catchment.			
Skills	Ability to assess the priority use of water in the catchment and assessment of the amount of water available.			
Other social competences	Student is aware of the current need to adapt water management elements to the needs of users and the necessity of sustainable water management in the catchment.			

	BIOCHEMISTRY			
Course title	BIOCHEMISTRY			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Arkadiusz Telesiński	E-mail address to the person	Arkadiusz.Telesinski@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-12	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45	
Objectives of the course	The aim of Biochemistry is to understand life in molecular terms. The goal this course is possibility to describe the structure, organization, and functions of living matter in molecular terms. What are the chemical structures of the components of living matter? How do the interactions of these components give rise to organized supramolecular structures? How does living matter extract energy from its surroundings in order to remain alive? How are chemical reactions controlled inside living cells? There are the kinds of questions being answered by someone have been finished this course. The aim of Biochemistry is to understand life in molecular terms. The goal this course is possibility to describe the structure, organization, and functions of living matter in molecular terms. What are the chemical structures of the components of living matter? How do the interactions of these components give rise to organized supramolecular structures? How does living matter in molecular terms is on order to remain alive? How are chemical reactions controlled inside supramolecular structures? How does living matter in molecular terms. What are the chemical structures of the components of living matter? How do the interactions of these components give rise to organized supramolecular structures? How does living matter extract energy from its surroundings in order to remain alive? How are chemical reactions controlled inside living cells? There are the kinds of questions being answered by someone have been finished this course.			
Entry requirements	To understand Biochemistry, one must first understanding of the basic thermodynamic sunlight and how animals derive energy fro	principles is essent	stry and cell biology. In addition, an tial for learning how plants derive energy from	
Course contents	sunlight and how animals derive energy from food. Characteristic reactions of amino acids Characteristic reactions of proteins Characteristic reactions of nucleic acids Characteristic reactions of carbohydrates Characteristic reactions of carbohydrates Characteristic reactions of lipids Determination of some oxidoreductases and hydrolases Determination of some oxidoreductases and hydrolases Determination of plant secondary metatabolites: polyphenols and flavonoids Determination of plant secondary metatabolites: alkaloids Two types nucleic acids (DNA and RNA), – propertis and functions nucleotides and nucleic acids (replication, transcription, translation). Proteins – (amino Acids, peptides and the peptide bonds, polipeptides). The primary level of protein structure. The three-dimensional structure of proteins. Carbohydrates (monosacharides, oligosacharides, polysacharides). Lipids, membranes, and cellular transport. Enzymes: biological catalysts (vitamins as procoenzymes, metals as enzymatic cofactors, classification of protein enzymes, regulation of enzyme activity). Introduction to metabolism. Carbohydrate metabolism I. Anaerobic processes in generating metabolic energy (Glycolysis – reactions and regulation). Metabolic fates of pyruvate. Oxidative processes: Citric Acid Cycle and Pentose Phosphate Pathway. Electron transport, oxidative phosphorylation, and oxygen metabolism. Carbohydrate metabolism II. Biosynthesis (gluconeogenesis, glikogen biosynthesis).			
Assessment methods Recommended readings	Lectures Laboratories Pass laboratory conspects Tests 1. Mathews C.K., van Holde K.E., Ahern K.G., Biochemistry 2. Stryer L., Biochemistry 3. Nelson D.L., Cox M.M., Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry			
Knowledge	The student knows the structure of macromolecules and can discuss their metabolism			
Skills	Student uses basic biochemical concepts and can assay of macromolecules			
Other social	The student can work in a team and demonstrate the ability to work in the laboratory division			
competences				

Course title	BIOMASSEPRODUKTION ZUR ENERGIEGEWINNUNG			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury E-mail address to the person Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-13	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	german	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	Kennenlernen der Quellen von Agro-Bioma die als "Energiequelle" dienen können	asse, Kennenlernen	von Anbautechnologien von speziellen Kulturen,	
Entry requirements	Botanik, Pflanzenernährung, Pflanzenphys	iologie, Bodenkunde	9	
Course contents	Kennenlernen von Anbauverfahren (Anbautechnologien) von Arten zur Biogasgewinnung (Sudangras, Zuckerhirse, Malve), Wärmegewinnung (schnellwachsende Baumarten: Weide, Pappeln) oder Wärme & Elektroenergiegewinnung (Topinambur, Miscanthus, Sida), aber auch in Form von Bioethanol & Biodiesel (Roggen, Triticale, Raps) Biomasseproduktion ist v.a. den Anbautechnologien von Pflanzenarten gedacht, die in der Landwirtschaft angebaut werden und nicht zur Nahrungsproduktion dienen, sondern als nachwachsende Rohstoffe für Industrie oder als Energiequelle angebaut werden können, z.B. in Form von Biogas (Sudangras, Zuckerhirse, Malve), Wärme (schnellwachsende Baumarten: Weide, Pappeln) oder Wärme & Elektroenergie (Topinambur, Miscanthus, Sida), aber auch in Form von Bioethanol & Biodiesel (Roggen, Triticale, Raps). Ausser Anbautechnologien werden auch andere Biomassequellen angesprochen, die bei der Pflanzenproduktion als Neben- oder Abfallprodukte entstehen (z.B. Stroh). Es wird über die wirtschaftliche Bedeutung, Botanik (kurze Charakteristik), Standortbedingungen (Boden- und Klimaverhältnisse) und gewählte Anbauverfahren berichtet			
Assessment methods	Vorlesungen, multimediale Praesentationen schriftige Arbeit (Beleg zur ausgewaehlten Pflanzenart-anbau oder zu Biomassegewinnung aus der Landwirtschaft) Beurteilung von Präsentation / Projektes			
Recommended readings	 Aigner, J., J., Altenburger, Übersicht über den Anbau von Alternativpflanzen (Hanf). V: Pflanzenbau, Österreichischer agrarverlag, Wien, 1997 SCHUSTER, W. H., Ölpflanzen in Europa, DLG-Verlag, Frankfurt/Main, 1992 Viele Autoren(praca zbiorowa), Nutzpflanzen in Deutschland. Kulturgeschichte und Biologie, Verlag Konrad Theis, Stuttgart, 1998 			
Knowledge	Die/ der Studierende wird ein Wissen ueber die Anbautechnologien von Pflanzenarten haben, die als Biomassequelle zur Energiegewinnung angebaut werden, z.B. in Form von Biogas, Wärme und/oder Wärme & Elektroenergie und in Form von Bioethanol & Biodiesel			
Skills	Die/ der Studierende wird die Kenntnisse ueber Pflanzenarten zur Biomasseproduktion haben und ueber deren Anbauverfahren			
Other social competences	Die/ der Studierende wird Faehigkeiten besitzen zur Erkennen der Eignung von gewaehlten Pflanzenarten zur Biomasseproduktion			

Course title	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION			
	first cycle			
Level of course				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Masojć E-mail address to the person Piotr.Masojc@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-14	ECTS points	6	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60	
Objectives of the course	Presentation of modern methods of plant	biotechnology and th	neir application in environment protection	
Entry requirements	Basic molecular biology, plant breeding.			
	Breeding methods for improving environm	nent traits of plants		
	Molecular breeding			
	Methods of in vitro culture			
	Methods of GMO generation			
	Useful traits modified by genetic engineering			
	Algae for renewable biomass and energy production			
Course contents	Plants for renewable biomass and energy production			
Course contents	Selecting plants for sustainable agriculture with decreased fertilizers and pesticide doses			
	Selecting plants with lower energy input for cultivation			
	Types of environmental stresses for plants and their response strategies			
	Plants better adjusted to climate change			
	Classic breeding and biotechnological methods to improve plant performance in stress conditions			
	Phytoremediation as an effective method of soil and water protection			
	Genetically modified plants for environme	nt protection		
	laboratory			
Assossment methods	lecture			
Assessment methods	practical exam			
	written exam			
Recommended	1. Jeżowski S., Wojciechowicz M.K., Zenkteler E., Alternative plants for sustainable agriculture, Polish Academy			
readings	of Science, Poznań, 2006 2. Razdan M., Introduction of plant tissue culture, Science Publisher, 2003			
Knowledge	Students will gain knowledge on various methods of producing plants tolerant to environmental stresses and giving high biomass production			
Skills	Students will be able to recognize plant species and methods for their improvement in respect to environmental challenges			
Other social	Students will be aware of possibilities to utilize modern biotechnology methods for improving plants as a renewable recources for environment protection			
competences				

Course title	BIOTECHNOLOGY IN AGRICULTURE	BIOTECHNOLOGY IN AGRICULTURE		
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Masojć E-mail address to the person Piotr.Masojc@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-15	ECTS points	6	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60	
Objectives of the course	Presentation of modern methods of plant b	iotechnology and th	neir application in agriculture.	
Entry requirements	Basic molecular biology, plant breeding.			
Course contents	Gene clonnig technology. Preparation of gene constructs, methods of transformation and identification of positive clones. The use of bacterial vectors and plasmid cloning. Purification of plasmids, sequencing of the gene fragment and characterization of the results. Identification of GMO in some food products. Isolation of DNA from the food products, the amplification using the reference PCR. Detection of traces of GMO and characterization results. Genetic structure of cultivated crops Methods of genome research. In vitro cultures of plants. Methods of generating transgenic plants (GMO) Useful traits modified by genetic engineering. Commercialy available GMO in agriculture. Molecular breeding and farming Biosafety aspects of GMO production. Methods of GMO detection in commercial products			
Assessment methods	practical exam written exam			
Recommended readings	 Slater A., Scott N., Fowler M., Plant Biotechnology. The Genetic manipulation of plants., Oxford University Press Inc, New York, 2003 Dixon R.A., Gonzales R.A., Plant Cell Culture, IRL Press, Oxford, New York, Tokyo, 1994 			
Knowledge	students will gain knowledge in methods of modern biotechnology to ascertain higher yield and quality of cultivated plants.			
Skills	student will be able to perform the basic techniques of cloning, sequencing and detection of transgenes.			
Other social competences	Student will know how to work in laboratory group and know work safety regulation in GMO lab .			

Course title	BIOTECHNOLOGY OF HERBAL PLANTS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marcelina Krupa-Małkiewicz E-mail address to the person Marcelina.Krupa-Malkiewicz@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-16	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40	
Objectives of the course	Theoretical knowledge and practical skills Development of herbal medicinal products	s in a pharmaceutica	al technology	
Entry requirements	The fundamental knowledge of genetics a	1 1 5 55		
Course contents	students will gain a practical skills for the experimental design in in vitro culture (conditions, plant material, medium composition) optimalization in vitro culture conditions for selected herbal plants students know how to preper the different kind of medium with addition of selected plant growth regulators students know how to work in laboratory group and know safty regulations An overview to the development of herbal medicinal productsin a pharmaceutical technology Classification of herbal remedies A characterization and application of herbal products like bioflavonoids, antioxidative compounds and plant hormones Methods of the biosynthesis enhancing primary and secondary plant metabolites production in callus culture In vitro culture and root culture of selected herbal plants A biotechnology of herbal wellness substances by using bioreactors Presentations and disscussions. Written exam			
Assessment methods	lecture disscussion laboratory written exam assessments of students presentations			
Recommended readings	1. Razdan M, Introduction of plant tissue culture, Science Publisher, 2003			
Knowledge	Students will gain a theoretical skills for the experimental design in in vitro culture			
Skills	during the practis student will train in vitro condition opitmalization for selected herbal plants			
Other social competences	student know how to work in laboratory group and know work safty regulations			

Course title	CROPS OF THE TROPICS AND SUBTROPICS				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury E-mail address to the person Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-17	ECTS points	4		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30		
Objectives of the course			op species, the quality requirements for their arable crops in tropical and subtropical climates		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of botany, plant physiolog				
Course contents	The short description and botany and the general idea of plants originating from tropical countries (corn, sorghum, amaranthus, sunflower, potatoes, hemp) or cultivated in tropics and subtropics (rice, quinoa, cotton, manioc, oil palm, sugar cane, etc.) The content includes economic importance, site conditions (soil and climatic conditions) and the general cultivation practices of plants originating in tropical countries and grown in Europe (maize, sorghum, amaranthus, sunflower, potatoes, hemp) and species selected by the student reports that are grown in the tropics and subtropics. As an example, here can be cultivation of rice, quinoa, cotton, manioc, oil palm, coffee, cocoa, tea and others. to be named				
Assessment methods	Lecture / Multi-media presentations indentification of crops Preparation of presentation / project Evaluation of presentation / of the project				
Recommended readings	 du Plessis J., Maize production, Department of Agriculture, Pretoria South Africa, 2011, https://www.arc.agric.za/arc-gci/Fact%20Sheets%20Library/Maize%20Production.pdf Team work, Farmer's Handbook on basic agriculture, Desai Fruits & Vegetables Pvt. Ltd., Gujarat, India, 2015, https://www.manage.gov.in/publications/farmerbook.pdf Team work, Industrial Oil Crops., Editors: Thomas McKeon Douglas Hayes David Hildebrand Randall Weselake., eBook ISBN: 9780128053850. pp. 474, 2016, 1st Edition 				
Knowledge	The student has knowledge of the importance of crops from the tropics and subtropics in the global economy and in the economy of Europe (Poland), describes the tropical plant species grown in Europe				
Skills	The student is able to enumerate the principles and importance of the production of crop species of the tropics and subtropics and can choose the appropriate method and technology of cultivation that guarantees the profitability of the production				
Other social competences	The student is aware of the significance and the Understanding of the agrotechnical aspects of the engineering, including its impact on the environment				

Course title	CULTIVATION TECHNOLOGY OF CEREALS AND LEGUMES				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / field	course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury E-mail address to the person Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-18	ECTS points	6		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	65		
Objectives of the course	Students acquire detailed knowledge of th products and their crop cultivation technic		op species, the quality requirements for their		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge in botany, plant physiolog	gy and arable farmi	ng		
Course contents	Botany (short characteristics), choice of varieties and methods of sowing, fertilization, indirect and direct control of microbial and pest control, establishment and management of populations of the most important crops (cereals including maize, and grain and perennial legumes. Working with fresh and dried plant material, identification of individual species, knowledge of the seeds, yield structure elements, botanical and plant-based characteristics of important cereals and legume fruits Vegetation-related surveys (population density, development stages of cereals and legumes, yield share estimate) in a practice (Agricultural Research Station in Lipnik), on the basis of which the management claims and measures for agritechnic (agricultural engineering) are estimated Cultivation technology of cereals and legumes (butterflies) includes economic importance, site conditions (soil and climatic conditions) and the detailed cultivation practices (with crop production, stock management, harvest) of all cereals including corn, millet and buckwheat and product quality. Cultivation of pulses and perennial legumes cultivated in Poland and Europe.				
Assessment methods	Lecture / Multi- media presentations Demonstration - showing fresh and dried plant materials Identification (detection) of individual plant species Assessment of presentations / projects written exam (Test)				
Recommended readings	 Rudel T., Schneider L., Uriarte M. et all., Agricultural intensification and changes in cultivated areas, 1970-2005, PNAS, editor William C. Clark, Harvard University, Cambridge, 2009, vol. 106, 49, Shekara P.C., Kumar A., Balasubramani N, Chaudhary B.C., Farmer's handbook on basic agriculture, Desai Fruits & Vegetables Pvt. Ltd., Gujarat, 2015, https://www.manage.gov.in/publications/farmerbook.pdf AHDB (group work), Wheat growth guide, Agriculture and Horticulture Development Board, Warwickshire, 2017, https://projectblue.blob.core.windows.net/media/Default/Imported%20Publication%20Docs/Wheat%20growth% AHDB (group work), Barley growth guide, Agriculture and Horticulture Development Board, Warwickshire, 2017, https://projectblue.blob.core.windows.net/media/Default/Imported%20Publication%20Docs/Barley%20growth%2 				
Knowledge	The student has knowledge of the importance of cereals and legumes in the economy of Europe and Poland, describes the types of cereals and legumes grown in Europe / world. The student knows the cultivation technique of cereals and legumes. The student knows the ways of development (trends, directions of future use), processing and correct use of the individual plant species				
Skills	The student is able to enumerate the principles and importance of the production of cereals and legumes and can choose the appropriate method and technology of cultivation that will achieve the profitability of the production and will not be detrimental to the environment. The student has the ability to correctly classify cereals and legumes. Indicates the yield potential of individual plant species.				
Other social competences	The student is aware of the importance an including its effects on the environment, a				

Course title	CULTIVATION TECHNOLOGY OF ENERGY CROPS					
Level of course	first cycle					
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lectu	re				
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury E-mail address to the person Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl					
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-19	ECTS points	6			
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english			
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60			
Objectives of the course	The purpose of this course is to gain sufficit techniques of energy crops	ent knowledge and	experience about using areas and cultivation			
Entry requirements	Student has basic knowledge of crops culti	•				
	Introduction, the importance of energy crops. Annual versus perennial crops, Crops with C3 or C4 photosynthesis, Choice of crop in relation to soil type and climate conditions, Cultivation, harvest and plant protection of dedicated energy crops compared to conventional agricultural crops, Biomass quality including content of sugars, starch, inulin, cellulose, lignin, oil and protein, Important crop qualities for storage, fermentation, combustion and oil extraction. Nutrient cycles and losses					
	Annual and biennial crops - characteristic of the species, cultivars, requirements, cultivation and the use.					
	Perennial herbaceous plants – characteristic of the species, cultivars and clones, requirements, cultivation and the use.					
Course contents	Perennial woody crops (fast growing trees and shrubs) – characteristic of the species, cultivars and clones, requirements, cultivation and the use. The cultivation technologies (Growing techniques of crops) of plant species which can not be used for food production, but can be cultivated as an energy source, e.g. in the form of biofuels like biodiesel, bioethanol,					
	biomethanol (corn, cereals, canola, linseed, safflower, sunflower, sugar beet), in form of biodics(, biocin/m Sudan grass, sugar sorghum, mallow, rye), of heat (fast growing tree species: willow, poplar, oxy tree) power (Jerusalem artichoke, Cup plant, Miscanthus, Sida, flax, hemp). Plants used as energy crops. The economic importance, botany (short characteristics), location conditions (soil and climate conditions) a selected cultivation methods are reported.					
	Lecture / multi-media presentation					
	Demonstration - presentation of dry plant materials					
Assessment methods	Recognizing of energy plants					
	Project work					
	Preparation of presentation (project)					
	1. Schubert R., Schellnhuber H.J., Buchmann N., Epiney A., Griesshammer R., Kulessa M., Messner D., Rahmstorf S., Schmid J., Future bioenergy and sustainable land use, Earthscan London and Sterling VA, London, 2010 2. El Bassam N., Handbook of Bioenergy Crops (A Complete Reference to Species, Development and Applications), Earthscan Ltd., London & Washington DC, 2010,					
Recommended readings	Ltd UK, London, 1998	eir use and impact o	on environment and development), James & James			
	4. praca zbiorowa, Energy from field energy crops – a handbook for energy producers, Jyväskylä Innovation Oy, JYVÄSKYLÄ, Finland, 2009, Handbook_for_energy_producers_www_version.pdf					
5. Sathaye, J., O. Lucon, A. Rahman, J. Christensen, F. Denton, J. Fujino, G. Heath, S. Kadner, M Rudnick, A. Schlaepfer, A. Shmakin, Renewable Energy in the Context of Sustainable Energy, O University Press, Cambridge, 2011, http://www.mcc-berlin.net/~creutzig/SRREN_Ch09.pdf						
Knowledge	Student identifies and characterises the most important species of energy plants. Student proposes appropriate for different groups of energy crop plants cultivation technologies.					
Skills	Student can choose the appropriate methods of cultivation technologies and formulate recommendation of cultivation for specific groups of energy plants					
Other social	Student is aware of the need for education and self-improvement in the use of new technologies					
competences						

Course title	CULTIVATION TECHNOLOGY OF ROOT CROPS AND INDUSTRIAL PLANTS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / field course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-20	ECTS points	6
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	65
Objectives of the course	Students acquire detailed knowledge of the products and their crop production techniq		op species, the quality requirements for their
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge in botany, plant physiolog	y and arable farmir	ng
Course contents	Botany (short characteristics), choice of varieties and methods of sowing, fertilization, indirect and direct control of weeds and pests, establishment and management of stocks of the most important crops (industrial crops and root crops). Working with fresh and dried plant material, identification of individual species, knowledge of the seeds, yield structure elements, botanical and plant-based characteristics of important industrial plants and root crops Vegetation-related surveys (population density, development stages of industrial plants and root crops, share of yield estimates) in a practice (agricultural testing station in Lipnik), on the basis of which the management claims and measures for agricultural engineering are estimated Cultivation technology of industrial plants and root crops includes economic importance, site conditions (soil and climatic conditions) and the detailed cultivation methods (with crop production, stock management, harvest) of all industrial plants (oil and fiber-producing plants such as rapeseed, camelina, oil mustard, flax and linseed, hemp) and important root crops (potatoes, sugar beet, feed carrots) and catch crops and product quality. Cultivation of industrial plants and root crops cultivated in Poland and Europe.		
Assessment methods	Lecture / Multi-media Presentations Demonstration - showing fresh and dried plant material Recognizing of individual crop species Assessment of the project / presentation Written examination (test)		
Recommended readings	 Pete Berry, Sarah Cook, Steve Ellis, Peter Gladders and Susie Roques, ADAS., Oilseed rape guide, AHDB, Kenilworth, Warwickshire, 2018 Manmohan Sharma , S. K. Gupta , and A. K. Mondal, Production and Trade of Major World Oil Crops, Springer Science+Business Media, 2012 team work, Expert guide: Sugar Beet, Bayer CropScience Ltd., Cambridge, 2011 Todd, J. and M. Berti. (eds.), Pathway to Commercialization of Industrial Crops, AAIC, London, 2018, 30th Annual Meeting of the Association for the Advancement of IndustrialCrops (AAIC). Program and Abstracts. September 23-26, 2018, London team work: MultiHemp, Report on the effects of agronomic practices on hemp biomass yield (fibre and seeds) and quality, Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore, Piacenza, Italy, 2017, FP7 EU – MultiHemp – Multipurpose hemp for industrial bioproducts and biomass 		
Knowledge	The student is aware of the importance of industrial plants and root crops in the economy of Europe and Poland, describes the types of industrial plants and root crops grown in Europe. The student knows the cultivation technique of industrial plants and root crops. The student knows the ways of development (trends, directions of future use), processing and correct use of the individual plant species The student is able to enumerate the principles and importance of the production of industrial plants and root		
Skills	crops and can choose the appropriate method and technology of cultivation that will achieve the profitability of production and will not be detrimental to the environment. The student has the ability to correctly classify industrial crops and root crops. Indicates the yield potential of individual plant species.		
Other social competences	The student is aware of the importance and understanding of the agrotechnical aspects of engineering, including its effects on the environment, and the associated decision-making responsibility		

Course title	DECORATING WITH PLANTS				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Salachna	E-mail address to the person	Piotr.Salachna@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-21	ECTS points	4		
Semester	winter/summer	winter/summer Language of instruction english			
Hours per week	2 Hours per 30				
Objectives of the course	Students will be able to categorize plants based on growth, morphological, and taxonomic characteristics. Students will be able to interior design with plants. Students will be able to identify, grow, maintain, and use indoors plants.				
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of ornamental plants				
Course contents	Plants for interior designs. Foliage plants. Flowering plants. Tools and techniques. Designing with pot plants: forms, balance, focus, proportion, rhythm, color and texture, style, containers. Indoor plant culture. Hydroponics indoors. Green walls.				
	Lecture				
Assessment methods	Laboratory				
Assessment methods	project work/grade work				
	test				
Recommended readings	1. Gregor L., Principles of floral design, Floral Designe Edition, Munster, Germany, 2005				
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of the principles and elements of floral art.				
Skills	Student is able to create different floral designs				
Other social competences	The student is aware of the need of self-education and ready to work in team.				

Course title	DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Arkadiusz Telesiński E-mail address to the person Arkadiusz.Telesinski@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKŚiR-1-22	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	50	
Objectives of the course	Solving of differential equations of physics solutions.	, chemistry and eng	ineering, and a study of the characteristics of the	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of mathematical analysis and linear algebra.			
	Solving differential equations			
	First order Differential Equations (separations existence and uniqueness, Euler's method		ar equations, qualitative techniques - slope fields; phase line, bifurcations)	
	First Order systems (qualitative methods; analytic methods for special cases, Euler's method)			
Course contents	Linear systems (properties and the linearit plane, complex eigenvalues, 2nd and high	y principle, eigenva er order Differential	lues, eigenvectors, straight line solutions; phase Equations	
	Forcing and resonance (forcing, sinusoidal forcing, amplitude and phase of steady state)			
	Nonlinear systems (equilibrium point analysis and linearization, qualitative analysis, Hamiltonian systems)			
	Discrete dynamical systems (discrete logis	stems (discrete logistic function; fixed points and periodic points; bifurcations, chaos)		
	Lectures			
	Workshops			
Assessment methods	Self solving mathematics tasks			
	Evaluation of self solving mathematics tas	<s< td=""><td></td></s<>		
	Test			
Recommended	1. Bronson R., Costa G.B., Schaum's Outline of Differential Equations, 2014			
readings	2. Hsu S.B., Ordinary Differential Equations with Applications, 2011			
Knowledge	The student has knowledge about differential equations and their use.			
Skills	Student can solve differential equations.			
Other social competences	Student is aware of the importance of differential equations in life sciences			

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Course title	ECOLOGICAL CONTROL OF PESTS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Magdalena Karbowska-Dzięgielewska E-mail address to the person Magdalena.Karbowska- Dziegielewska@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-23	ECTS points	3
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	After finishing the course students know basic principles of ecological pests management. Students know the most important groups of natural enemies in biological control and factors to consider when planning a biological control program. Students have ability to describe different ways of applying ecological control and should know why biodiversity is the most important for ecological control.		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge about systematic, biology of arthropods and integrated plant protection		
	An overview of the major groups of field crop pests An overview of the major groups of fruit tree pests An overview of the major groups of vegetable pests An overview of the beneficial arthropods in plant protection against pests Integrated pest management (IPM). Components of an IPM program. Identify and monitor pests. Pest management methods. Select the best management tactics of plant protection against pests. Introduction to the ecological control. Ecological Pest Management (EPM). Biological control methods. Protect natural enemies. Use natural enemies. Release natural enemies from other areas. General advantages of biological control. Biological control of pests of greenhouse crops. No-chemical methods of plant protection against pests: cultural control, host resistance and genetic control, mechanical control, physical control. The role of allelopathy in pest management. Common uses of ecological methods.		
Assessment methods	Lectures Laboratories Pass laboratory conspects Tests		
Recommended readings	 Evans, J., Insect pest management, CABI publishing, Wallingford, UK, 2008 Hajek, A., Biological control: Measures of success, Kluwer Academic Publishers, The Netherlands, The Netherlands, 2004 		
Knowledge	Student knows the major groups of pests and beneficial arthropods in plant protection against pests. Student knows basic principles of ecological pests management and select the best management tactics of plant protection against pests.		
Skills	Recognizes and describes the basic groups of pests and their natural enemies. Able to choose appropriate methods of plant protection plant protection against pests		
Other social competences	The student can work in a team and demonstrate the ability to work in the laboratory division		

Course title	ECOLOGY		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Joanna Podlasińska	E-mail address to the person	Joanna.Podlasinska@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-24	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	50
Objectives of the course	Provide a comprehensive theoretical and p	ractical knowledge	of ecology and agroecology.
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of ecology.		
Course contents	Plant occurance. Releve as a basic element for plant communities description Synthetical and analythical analysis of plant communities Adaptation to the environment. Environmental conditions influencing life (climate, water, temperature, radiation, nutrients). Population ecology. Interactions. Behavioral ecology. Ecosystem processes. Communities. Biomes.		
Assessment methods	Lecture / multi-media presentation Discussion Laboratory exercises Interpretative analysis of the results Project method / report Conversational lecture Performance in lectures and laboratories Assessment of the participation in discusion Assesment of the work during couse Exam		
Recommended readings	 Mackenzie A., Ball A.S., Virdee S.R., Instant notes in ecology., Bios Scientific Publishers, 1988 Moss B., Ecology of Fresh Waters., Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, 1983 Odum E.P.,, Basic ecology, W.B. Saunders,, Philadelphia, 1983 		
Knowledge	Student has knowledge about relationships occurring between organisms and organisms and the environment.		
Skills	Students understands that processes occurring in environment are observe as changes in biota condition. Studen is able to apply the proper method for observing the relationships occurring between organisms and organisms and the environment.		
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding the important role of relationships occurring between organisms and organisms and the environment. Sees the need of self-development and further education.		

Course title	ECOMONITORING AND BIOINDICATION		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course	e / lecture	
Person responsible for the course	Joanna Podlasińska	E-mail address to the person	Joanna.Podlasinska@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-25	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40
Objectives of the course	Developing of knowledge on biomo	nitors and bioindicators, as	well as methods used biomonitoring.
Entry requirements	Basic biology.		
Course contents	Perfect bioinficators Biomonitoring of sulfur dioxide Biomonitoring of hydrogen fluoride Biomonitoring of O3 Biomonitoring of heavy metals Plant and mushrrom samples preparation for heavy metals analyses. Determination of Hg in mushroom samples. Plants and animals as indicators and biomonitors. Symptoms of air pollution injury. Biomonitoring of major and minor pollutants (photochemical oxidants, sulfur dioxide, SO2 with lower plants, hydrogen fluoride, heavy metals, dust, ethylene). Biomonitoring of water pollutants.		
Assessment methods	Biomonitoring of soil pollutants. Lecture / multi-media presentation Discussion Laboratory exercises Interpretative analysis of the results Project method / report Conversational lecture Performance in lectures and laboratories Assessment of the participation in discusion AAssesment of the laboratory work Report evaluation		
Recommended readings	1. Manning W.J., Feder W. A,, Biomonitoring air pollutants with plants,, Applied Science Publishers LTD,, London, 1980		
Knowledge	Student has knowledge about processes occurring in the environment and about changes in biota condition.		
Skills	Students understands that processes occurring in the environment can be observed as changes in biota condition. Studen is able to apply the proper method for biomonitoring and bioindication experiment.		
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding processes occurring in the environment and their influence on biota condition. Sees the need of self-development and further education.		

Course title	ECOTOXICOLOGY			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Arkadiusz Telesiński	E-mail address to the person	Arkadiusz.Telesinski@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-26	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45	
Objectives of the course	After finishing the course students should know basic principles of toxicology. Students have ability to describe adsorption, distribution, biotransformation and excretion of xenobiotics and also the influence of toxic agents on live organisms. Furthemore they should know the problems of the influence of the antropogenic pollution and accumulation of xenobiotics in environment. Students should have a knowledge about such pollutants as: nitric compounds, heavy metals, pesticides, fluoride and dioxin. Moreover student should be able to assess toxicity of xenobiotics with using of toxicity tests.			
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge about environmental protection and chemistry			
	Soil enzymatic activity as indicator of conta	amination with heav	y metals	
	Phytotoxicity tests			
	Parameters of oxidative stress as response of plants to soil contamination			
	Chromatographic metods to determine org	anic compounds in	environmental samples	
Course contents	Potentiometric methods to determine fluoride contents in environmental samples			
	Basic principles of toxicology			
	Problems of the industrial pollution effect on livestock and animals health as well as accumulation of the toxins in environment			
			on the toxicity of fed; toxicological analysis,	
	Lectures			
	Laboratories			
Assessment methods	Pass laboratory conspects			
	Test			
Recommended	1. Walker C.H., Hopkin S.P., Sibly R.M., Peakall D.B., Principles of ecotoxicology., CRC Press, 2005			
readings	2. Hoffman D.J. [eds.], Handbook of ecotoxicology., CRC Press			
Knowledge	man and the individual elements of ecosys	Student has a basic knowledge of xenobiotics and their fate in the environment and the negative impact on man and the individual elements of ecosystems.		
Skills	The student can choose the basic measurement techniques for the assessment of ecotoxicity of various pollutants			
Other social competences	The student can work in a team and demor	nstrate the ability to	work in the laboratory division	

Course title	EDIBLE FLOWERS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Kamila Bojko	E-mail address to the person	kamila-bojko@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-27	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40
Objectives of the course	Providing knowledge of edible flower speci Providing knowledge of biological value of Providing knowledge of processing and sto	edible flowers	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of horticultural crops		
Course contents	Biologically active compounds of edible flowers. Methods of storage and processing edible flowers Characteristics of the main species of edible flowers Growing methods of edible flowers Methods of storage and processing edible flowers Culinary usage of edible flowers in different cuisines of the world		
Assessment methods	Lecture / multi-media presentation Discussion Completion of the assignments Laboratory exercises Interpretative analysis of the laboratory exercise results Project method / report Conversational lecture Demonstration - Presentation of the collection of edible flower species at the Department of Horticulture WUT Performance in lectures and laboratories Assessment of the participation in the conversational lecture Assessment of the participation in the discussion Written exam Assessment of the homework assignments Assessment of laboratory work skills		
Recommended readings	Report Creasy R., The edible flower garden, Periplus Editions (HK) Ltd., Boston, 1999 Roberts M., 100 Edible & Healing Flowers, Struik Nature, Cape Town, South Africa, 2014 		
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of the main edible	flower species, met	hods of their cultivation, storage and processing
_	Student has knowledge of biological value		d processing to the particular species of edible
Skills	Student has skills to adjust the specific methods of storage and processing to the particular species of edible flowers		
Other social competences	Student is aware of the importance of increasing the horticultural crop assortment and introducing new technologies supporting the nutritional and pro-health value of food		

Course title	ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Włodarczyk	E-mail address to the person	Malgorzata.Wlodarczyk@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-28	ECTS points	7
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	5	Hours per semester	75
Objectives of the course	To familiarize students with the analytical r Students acquire the skills to work in a ana compounds. Students acquire the skills to perform chen Students acquire the skills of interpretation	lytical lab in terms	of quantitative analysis of the chemical calculations.
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of general chemistry, mat	hematics and statis	stics at the secondary level.
Course contents	Concentration of solutions, percentage concentration, molar concentration. Changing solution concentrations - calculation. Writing and balancing chemical equations. Writing and balancing oxidation-reduction reactions. Calculations based on chemical equations. Calculation based on acid-base titration, redox titration, gravimetry, compleximetry. Calculation of calibration curve. Calculation used in the environmental analysis based on the UV-VIS, AAS and chromatography methods. Learning principles in the chemical laboratory. Basics of quantitative analysis. Quantitative analysis: volumetric and instrumental methods, learning of pipetting and titration. Determination of absorption curve of chosen environmental pollutants. Determination of selected pollutants (e.g.: heavy metals, chosen biogenic compounds.) in environmental samples by UV-VIS and AAS methods . Electrochemistry. Determination of selected ions by IES. Potentiometry. Conductometric titration. Calculations based on the classical and instrumental quantitative analysis. Lecture I - II. Introduction. The basic concepts of analytical chemistry. The stages of the analytical process. The sample preparation. Measuring methods. Standards. Calibration curve. Lecture IV -V. Quantitative analysis - introduction. Acid-base titration, redox titration, gravimetry, compleximetry, indicators. LECTURE VI - IX. Spectroscopy. Spectroscopic methods in the environmental analysis. Absorbance, Transmittance, Absorption Lows. Spectrophotometry UV-VIS. Atomic Absorption Spectrometry. LECTURE X -XI. Electroanalytical methods in the environmental analysis (potentiometry, conductometry) LECTURE X -XI. Electroanalytical methods in the environmental analysis - introduction. Gas		
Assessment methods Recommended readings	Multimedia lecture. Practical exercises Lecture: grade Workshop : tests, grade Laboratory: projectwork - reports, Laboratory: tests, grade Discussion during the classes 1. F. W. Fifield, P. J. Haines., Environmental Analytical Chemistry, Oxford, United Kingdom, 2000 2. Daniel C. Harris, Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 2010 3. , James Carr, Analytical Chemistry and Quantitative Analysis, 2010		
Knowledge	Student has the knowledge about quantitative chemical analysis which is a key part of environmental chemistry, since it provides the data that frame most environmental studies. He knows the basic analytical methods used in the study and monitoring of the environment. He can predict the direction of the chemical compounds change and assess the impact of these changes on the environment. Student knows the good laboratory practice skills in the chemical and analytical laboratory. Independently he		
Skills	performs designation of qualitative analysis (eg. he determines a chemical composition of environment). He can develop and interpret the results of the chemical analysis.		
Other social competences	Students will practice to collaborate and solve problems in group using "problem based learning" methods.		

Course title	ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Gałczyńska	E-mail address to the person	Malgorzata.Galczynska@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-29	ECTS points	6
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60
Objectives of the course	The overall goal of this course is to gain an understanding of the fundamental chemical processes that are central to a range of important environmental problems and to utilize this knowledge in making critical evaluations of these problems. C1 An understanding of the chemistry of the stratospheric ozone layer and of the important ozone depletion processes. C2 An understanding of the chemistry of important tropospheric processes, including photochemical smog and acid precipitation. C3 An understanding of the basic physics of the greenhouse effect, the sources and sinks of the family of greenhouse gases, and the implication for climate change. C4 An understanding of the nature, reactivity, and environmental fates of toxic organic chemicals. C5 An understanding of the chemistry of natural waters and of their pollution and purification.		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of general, inorganic and organic chemistry		
Course contents	Environmental sampling and statistics Determination of water content in soil and soil pH Short field trip. Determination of dissolved oxygen in water and pH water Short field trip and water samples collection. Determination of nitrogen and phosphorus compounds in water Determination of gas emissions The chemistry of processes in the atmosphere (atmospheric gases, tropospheric and stratospheric chemistry, greenhouse gases). The chemistry of processes in the lithosphere (chemical composition, chemical weathering of rock – oxidation, carbonation, hydrolysis, hydration). The chemistry of processes in the hydrosphere (types and composition of natural waters, gases, organic matter and metals in water). Green chemistry		
Assessment methods	Multimedia presentations Discussion Laboratory exercises Interpretative analysis of the laboratory exercise results		
Recommended readings	 Gary W vanLoon and Stephen J Duffy, Environmental Chemistry, A global perspective (Third Edition)., Oxford University Press, UK, 2010, Third Edition Jorge G. Ibanez, Margarita Hernandez-Esparza, Carmen Doria-Serrano, Arturo Fregoso-Infante, Mono Mohan Singh, Environmental Chemistry Fundamentals, Springer Science-Business Media, LLC., 2007 Peter O'Neill. 1998. Environmental Chemistry, 3rd Edition. CRC Press., Environmental Chemistry, CRC Press., 1998, 3rd Edition 		
Knowledge	Student gains theoretical and practical knowledge related to the circulation of elements in nature and their migration in the soil-water-air system		
Skills	Student gains skills self-assessment of chemical composition in different elements of environmental. Moreover, he/she can do chemical analysis of soil, water, and air in environmental laboratories.		
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding of phenomena occurring in the environmental. Student sees the need of self-development and further education. Furthermore, every student organizes and leads researches in a team. Students are responsible for ensured equipment.		

Course title	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lectu	re		
Person responsible for the course	Joanna Podlasińska E-mail address to the person Joanna.Podlasinska@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-30	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40	
Objectives of the course	Provide a comprehensive theoretical and p information in this field.		of environmental pollution and the latest	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of environment protection	า.		
	The impact of major and minor pollutants of	on the environment		
	Samples preparation and investigation for	water and soil pollu	tion evaluation.	
	Samples preparation and investigation for water and soil pollution evaluation.			
Course contents	Pollution and pollutants. The significance of pathways. Changes in environment: environmental concentrations, physical effects, chemical changes in the air, changes in rivers, lakes and estuaries, in the sea and on land. Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic. Pollution at home. Pollution as an international problem. Monitoring in Poland and other countries.			
	Lecture / multi-media presentation			
	Discussion			
	Laboratory exercises			
	Interpretative analysis of the results			
	Project method / report			
Assessment methods	Conversational lecture	ure		
	Performance in lectures and laboratories			
	Assessment of the participation in discusio	n		
	Continuous assessment of the laboratory v	vork		
	Report evaluation			
	1. Hill M. K., Understanding Environmental	Pollution: A Primer.	, Cambridge University Press,, 2004	
Recommended	2. Guderian R.,, Air pollution,, Springer-Ver	lag, Berlin, Heidelbe	erg, New York, 1977	
readings	3. Holgate M.W, A perspective of environmental pollution, Cambridge University Press,, Cambridge, 1980			
Knowledge	Student gains theoretical and practical knowledge about processes occurring in the environment influencing it's condition as well as knows basic pollutants and processes of their changes in the environment.			
Skills	Students understands that processes occurring in environment are observe as changes in biota condition as well as at the environment. Studen is able to apply the proper method for observing the basic pollutants migration and processes of their changes in the environment.			
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding the importance of pollutants migration and processes of their changes in the environment. Sees the need of self-development and further education.			

Course title	EVOLUTION ON MOLECULAR LEVEL		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Masojć E-mail address to the person Piotr.Masojc@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSIR-1-31	ECTS points	3
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	Understanding of evolution theory on the	molecular level	
Entry requirements	molecular biology genetics		
Course contents	Construction of phylogenetic trees on the basis of marker and DNA sequence data Theories on pre-biotic evolution Concept of molecular clock Molecular mechanisms underlying changes at the genome level Mechanisms underlying evolution at the gene level Examples of protein evolution Exons and introns in evolution Evolution written in the DNA sequence Mitochondrial DNA to track human evolution		
Assessment methods	Chromosome Y DNA to track human evolution laboratory lecture practical exam written exam		
Recommended readings	 D.J. Futuyma, Evolution, Sinauer Assoc T. A. Brown, Genomes, Bios Scientific F 		2005
Knowledge	Students will know what is a molecular basis of evolutionary change in living organisms		
Skills	Students explain molecular mechanisms leading to evolutionary changes		
Other social competences	Student is aware of a complexity of the molecular mechanisms leading to evolutionary changes		

Course title	FLORAL DESIGN				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Salachna	E-mail address to the person	Piotr.Salachna@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-32	ECTS points	4		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30		
Objectives of the course	Students will be able to define and describe the principles and elements of floral art, create different floral designs and understand their relationship with interior decor. Hands-on laboratory experiences will allow students to practice the floral arrangements.				
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of ornamental plants				
	Techniques. Hand tied flower bouquet. Hor Floral designs for funerals. Ikebana.	ne decorations and	table arrangements. Floral wedding designs.		
	Principles of artistic floral design.				
	Composition. Color Theory.				
Course contents	Design Shapes. Tools and accessories.				
	Arrangement categories. Arrangement of lines.				
	Proportions. Structural designing.				
	Lecture				
	Laboratory				
Assessment methods	project work/grade work				
	test				
Recommended readings	1. Gregor L., Principles of floral design, Floral Designe Edition, Munster, Germany, 2005				
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of the principles and elements of floral art.				
Skills	Student is able to create different floral designs				
Other social competences	The student is aware of the need of self-ed	ucation and ready t	The student is aware of the need of self-education and ready to work in team.		

Course title	FRUIT-GROWING		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Chełpiński	E-mail address to the person	Piotr.Chelpinski@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-33	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45
Objectives of the course	Getting to know the species and cultivars of cultivation of various species of fruit plants with modern models orchards and beries p	Getting Acquainted	rization with the requirements and principles of I with modern technology fruit crops. Acquainted nctioning of modern fruit farms
Entry requirements	plants, knowledge of pathogens on plants,	basic physico-chem	
Course contents	Pomology. Pomology Models orchards and beries plantation Location orchards and plantations. Choosing a position, production rules. The assortment of species and functional characteristics of fruit (shape, size, color, destiny fruit). Principles of operation of the farm orchard T-A-1 Basics of regulating the growth and flowering and the protection of trees and shrubs.10 25 T-W-1 Requirements and cultivation of various species of trees and shrubs - the soil, mineral nutrition, irrigation. Location orchards and plantations. Choosing a position. Rules of production 25 T-A-1 Tree protection against external influences - hail, rain, birds.8 T-A-2 Pomology 7 T-W-1 Location orchards and plantations. Choosing a position, production rules.		
Assessment methods	Methods of feeding (lecture informative, conversational) Activating methods (didactic discussion related to the lecture) Methods exposing (figures, tables, photographs, collections of plants) practical methods (display) the Methods for evaluating (F - forming) FS-1 test F S-2 recognition of plants exam (summary form)		
Recommended readings	1 T. Wallace & R.G. W. Bush., Modern Commercial Fruit Growing., 2009 2 Adams C. K., Principles of Horticulture., Butterworth-Heinemann, 2008		
Knowledge	student has knowledge of species and cultivars of fruit and their requirements Student has knowledge about cultivation and production organization in fruit-growing.He has knowledge of species and varieties of fruit and their requirements Student knows the modern technologies of cultivation of trees and bushes		
Skills	The ability to identify species and varieties of fruit plants. The ability of cultivation of fruit trees and bushes The ability diagnostics hazards in the production process student has the basic ability to manage production orchard		
Other social competences	student is versed in current trends and pro student is aware of the production of high- student is able to organize work in a team	duction technologie quality fruit.	s jn fruit-growing

Course title	FUNDAMENTALS OF GENETICS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Stefan Stojałowski	E-mail address to the person	Stefan.Stojalowski@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-34	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	50
Objectives of the course	Skills in prediction of inheritance of differer Knowledge on basic methods applied in mo		ination effects
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge on cytology (cell divisions) and mechanisms (of sex reproduction
Course contents	Mitosis and meiosis - observation of microscopic slides Karyotype analysis Mendelian principles Simple heredity and genetic hypotheses Interactions between genes Genes in populations Molecular genetics and DNA sequencing Isolation of DNA Controll of DNA quality for further analyses Preparation of PCR analysis Electrophoresis of PCR products Analysis of results of PCR-based markers Introduction: subject of genetics, basic terms, cytologic background of inheritance Principles of Mendelian genetics Phenotypic effects of gene activity. Interactions between genes Basic of population genetics Genetic background of sex determination. Linkage of sex with phenotypic traits Linkage of genes. Genetic maps of eucariots. Genetic determination of quantitative traits		
Assessment methods	Written exam (test) Assessment of laboratory skills Assessment of tasks during workshops		
Recommended readings	 E.G. Gardner and D.P. Snustad, Principles of Genetics, John Willey & Sons, New York, 1984, 7th ed. Ahmed Abouelmagd and Hussein M. Ageely, Basic Genetics: Textbook and Activities, Universal-Publishers, Boca Raton, Florida USA, 2009 		
Knowledge	Student will know the universal mechanisms of inheritance		
Skills Other social competences	student will gain skills of prediction of results of genetic hybridization and recombination of the genes Student will know how to work in laboratory group and know work safety regulation		

Course title	FUNDAMENTALS OF SOIL SCIENCE WITH ELEMENTS OF SOIL CARTOGRAPHY			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / field course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Podlasiński	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Podlasinski@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-35	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	50	
Objectives of the course	Provide a comprehensive theoretical and p information in this field.	ractical knowledge	of soil science and soil cartography and the latest	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of environment protectio	า.		
Course contents	reactions/interactions within the soil environment. Concepts include cation exchange capacity, oxidation/reduction and pH as well as implications for management of soil chemistry with laboratory and field techniques, fate and transport of chemicals in soils, and issues associated with salt affected soils. The availability of nutrients under different scenarios as well as managing the availability of those nutrients in considering acidifying and liming soils, nutrient sources and fertilizers. Sampling techniques with interpretation of the results. Methods, techniques and technologies used in soil science and soil cartography. Practising description of soil genesis, classification and morphology. Soil morphology. Soil forming factors. Soil genesis, soil classification. Soil genesis, soil classification. Soil geomorphology. An overview of basic physical properties of soil with an emphasis on how these properties influence soil-water relationships, temperature, aeration and mechanical characteristics. Various aspects of soil and water management that affect our ability to maintain a healthy environment while still relying on the soil for production of food and fiber, water quality, and overall management of land resources. Erosion and sedimentation, soil quality, water quality, policy and regulations, and a discussion of soil resources and			
Assessment methods	management associated with urban, forest, and agricultural land uses. Lecture / multi-media presentation Discussion Laboratory exercises Interpretative analysis of the results Project method / report Conversational lecture Performance in lectures and laboratories Assessment of the participation in discusion Continuous assessment of the laboratory work Report evaluation			
Recommended readings	 Buckman H.C.; Brady N.S., The nature and properties of sioils, The macmillan Company, London, 1960 Wild A., Soils and the environment: an introduction, Cambridge university press, Cambridge, 1995 Ross S., Soil processes. A systematic Approach, Routledge, New York, 1953 			
Knowledge	Student gains the knowledge of the soil genesis, classification and morphology, physics, chemistry, fertility, biology and land use.			
Skills	Student should be able to describe the changes in soil; methods, techniques and technologies used in soil science and soil cartography. Provide some laboratory and field works. Student demonstrates understanding the importance of soils and processes of their creation as well as changes			
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding the i in the environment. Sees the need of self-			

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Course title	GENERAL CHEMISTRY		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Włodarczyk	E-mail address to the person	Malgorzata.Wlodarczyk@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-36	ECTS points	7.0
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	5	Hours per semester	75
Objectives of the course	chemical compounds. Students acquire the skills to perform chen	of selected inorgan mistry lab in terms nical calculations.	ic and organic compounds. of quantitative and qualitative analysis of the
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of general chemistry and	mathematics at the	e secondary level.
Course contents	Students acquire the skills of interpretation and compilation of the chemical analysis. Basic knowledge of general chemistry and mathematics at the secondary level. Nomenclature of inorganic compounds. Structural and molecular formulas of basic inorganic compounds. Writing and balancing oxidation-reduction reactions. Concentration of solutions. percentage concentration, molar concentration. Changing solution concentrations - calculations of acids, bases and salts . Solis hydrolysis - writing chemical equations. Calculation of acids, bases and salts . Solis hydrolysis - writing chemical equations. Calculation of acids, bases and salts . Solis hydrolysis - writing chemical equations. Calculation of acids, bases and salts . Solis hydrolysis - writing chemical equations. Calculation of selected cations and anions. Basics of solis identification - performing chemical reactions. Quaritative analysis: volumetric and instrumental methods, learning of pipetting and titration. Calculations based on the classical and instrumental quantitative analysis. The chemical identification of the functional groups. Lecture I . Atom structure: definition, major subatomic particles (proton, neutron, electron). Orbitals, quantum number, isotopes. Lecture II. III. Periodic table of the elements. Arrangement elements. Arrangement elements. Chemical reactions. Types of chemical reactions. Thermochemistry, entalphy, endothermic and exothermic reactions. Sudiaction - reduction reactions. Thermochemistry, enta		
Assessment methods	Multimedia lecture Practical exercises Lecture: grade Workshop : tests, grade Laboratory: tests, grade Laboratory: projectwork - reports Discussion during the classes		
Pocommonded	1. Solomon Sally, Introduction to general, organic and biological chemistry, 1987		
Recommended readings	2. Miller Francis, Marion Chemistry Structur	5	

Knowledge	Student has the knowledge about chemical phenomena occurring in the environment and he can qualitatively and quantitatively describe them by the means of the chemical reactions and stoichiometric calculations. He knows the basic properties of the selected groups of inorganic and organic compounds. He can predict the direction of the chemical compounds change and assess the impact of these changes on the environment.
Skills	Student knows the good laboratory practice skills in the chemical laboratory. Independently he performs designation of qualitative and quantitative analysis (eg. he determines a chemical composition of a plant or environment). He can develop and interpret the results of the chemical analysis.
Other social competences	He can work in a team, think and act creatively in an entrepreneurial way.

Course title	GENETICALLY MODIFIED CROPS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Miłosz Smolik E-mail address to the person Milosz.Smolik@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-37	ECTS points	3
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	1	Hours per semester	23
Objectives of the course	To ensure that students are informed of co agriculture/horticulture/biotechnology. Students are able investigate the presence evaluate their influence on environment in	of main genes con	struct (inserts) in selected plant material and to
Entry requirements	Strong background in plant genetics and background in plant geneti	asis in plant molecu	lar biology.
Course contents	Samples used during the course. Extraction and purification of DNA. Qualitative detection of MON810 maize. Agarose gel electrophoresis. Qualitative detection of Bt-176 maize. Agarose gel electrophoresis. Qualitative detection of Roundup Ready® soybean by PCR. Agarose gel electrophoresis. Results presentation. Introduction to genetically modified crops. Methods used in plant transgenesis. Genes and strategies used in plant transformation. Coexistence of genetically modified crops with conventional and organic agriculture. The EU's legislation and		
Assessment methods Recommended	Discussion, laboratory skills Test 1. Romeis, J., M. Meissle and F. Bigler, Transgenic crops expressing Bacillus thuringiensis toxins and biological		
readings Knowledge	control, Nature Biotechnology, 2006, 24: 63-71 Student will know what kind of genes and methods have been used in genetically modifications of different		
Skills	crops Student will know how to provide test for GMO identification by PCR		
Other social competences	Student will know how important is work in the group. The student knows the advantages and risks by the cultivation of GMOs		

Course title	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY ANALYSIS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Marek Podlasiński E-mail address to the person Marek.Podlasinski@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-38	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45
Objectives of the course	Developing of basis theoretical knowledge on geospatial subjects. Gaining a practical understanding of GIS concepts, techniques and real world applications, understanding the technical language of GIS, gaining practical experience using basic GIS tools		
Entry requirements	Basic informatics knowledge		
	Methods of data implementing and integrating in GIS: scanning, digitizing, georeferencing Frequently used GIS analysis – reclassification, buffering, logic operations, map comparison, time series analysis, landscape analysis, thematic mapping, etc. GIS analysis and visualization methods in environmental sciences GPS data and their use in GIS		
Course contents	Data sources for geospatial sciences Cartographic base in GIS – projections, sca Data models in GIS – vector and raster	ale, coordinate syste	ms, map types, visualization of geospatial data
	GIS analysis and visualization methods in environmental sciences		
	Legal and copyright aspects of GIS practic		
	lectures, mini projects, practical exercises	5	
Assessment methods	project work/grade work		
Recommended readings	1. Longley, P. M. Goodchild, D. Maguire ar and Sons., 2007	nd D. Rhind., Geogra	phic Information Systems and Science, John Wiley
	2. Eastman J.R, Idrisi TAiga. User's Guide,	•	
Knowledge	Student has the knowledge about theoretical aspects of GIS, data models, basic analytic methods and procedures, data sources, geographic and cartographic background.		
Skills	Student has practical abilities of operations on different data types, basic geographic analysis, import/export procedures and operations used commonly in environmental policies processes		
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding of importance of spatial analysis for ensuring environmental policies and development of natural sciences		

Course title	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS IN ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AND SPATIAL PLANNING		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Marek Podlasiński E-mail address to the person Marek.Podlasinski@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-39	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45
Objectives of the course	Developing of basis theoretical knowledge on geospatial subjects. Gaining a practical understanding of GIS concepts, techniques and real world applications, understanding the technical language of GIS, gaining practical experience using basic GIS tools		
Entry requirements	Basic informatics knowledge		
Methods of data implementing and integrating in GIS: scanning, digitizing Frequently used GIS analysis – reclassification, buffering, logic operations analysis, landscape analysis, thematic mapping, etc. GIS analysis and visualization methods in environmental sciences			operations, map comparison, time series
	GPS data and their use in GIS		
Course contents	Data sources for geospatial sciences		
	Cartographic base in GIS - projections, scale, coordinate systems, map types, visualization of geospatial data		
	Data models in GIS – vector and raster		
	GIS analysis and visualization methods in environmental sciences		
	Legal and copyright aspects of GIS practic	es	
Assessment methods	lectures, mini projects, practical exercises		
Assessment methods	project work/grade work		
Recommended readings	and Sons., 2007	-	phic Information Systems and Science, John Wiley
	2. Eastman J.R, Idrisi TAiga. User's Guide,		
Knowledge	Student has the knowledge about theoretical aspects of GIS, data models, basic analytic methods and procedures, data sources, geographic and cartographic background.		
Skills	Student has practical abilities of operations on different data types, basic geographic analysis, import/export procedures and operations used commonly in environmental policies processes		
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding of in development of natural sciences	nportance of spatial	analysis for ensuring environmental policies and

Course title	GROWING OF ALTERNATIVE PLANT SPECIES		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-40	ECTS points	4
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	Students acquire detailed knowledge of the for their products and their production tech		ernative plant species, the quality requirements s on arable crops in temperate climates
Entry requirements Course contents	Basic knowledge of botany, plant physiology and plant cultivationBotany (short characteristics), choice of varieties and methods of sowing, fertilization, indirect and direct control of weeds and pests, establishment and management of stocks of the most important crops (industrial crops and root crops).Cultivation of alternative plants is intended for the cultivation technologies of plant species used for food production and as raw materials for the cosmetics industry, e.g. Sugar Millet, Buckwheat, Quinoa, Amaranthus, Oillein, Borage, Russian Dandelion, Camelina, Miracle Tree) Also Dyeing Plants (Madder, Resede, Waid). It is reported on the economic importance, botany (short characteristics), site conditions (soil and climatic		
Assessment methods	conditions) and selected cultivation methods Lecture / multi-media presentations Identification (detection) of individual plant species Preparation of presentations / projects Evaluation of presentations / Projects		
Recommended readings	 I. Thomas McKeon, Douglas Hayes, David Hildebrand, Randall Weselake (eds.), Industrial Oil Crops, Academic Press and AOCS Press, 2016, 1. edition, eBook ISBN: 9780128053850. pp. 474 A B Obilana, Sorghum - breeding and agronomy, ICRISAT, Hyderabad, Andra Pradesh, India, 2004 Sharma, M., Gupta, S. K., & Mondal, A. K., Sharma, M., Gupta, S. KProduction and Trade of Major World Oil Crops. Technological Innovations in Major World Oil Crops,, Springer New York, New York, 2011, Volume 1, 1–15., doi:10.1007/978-1-4614-0356-2_1 Kauffman, C.S., and L.E. Weber, Grain amaranth, Timber Press, Portland, OR, 1990, p. 127-139., In: J. Janick and J.E. Simon (eds.), Advances in new crops. Pavek, P.L.S, Plant Guide for buckwheat (Fagopyrum esculentum)., USDA-Natural Resources Conservation Service,, Pullman Plant Materials Center. Pullman, WA., 2016 Team work, Energy from field energy crops – a handbook for energy producers, Jyväskylä Innovation Oy, JYVÄSKYLÄ, Finland, 2009, Handbook_for_energy_producers_www_version.pdf 		
Knowledge	The student is aware of the importance of alternative plant species in the economy. The student knows the cultivation technique of alternative plant species		
Skills	The student is able to enumerate the principles and importance of the production of alternative crops and can choose the appropriate method and technology of cultivation that guarantees the profitability of the production		
Other social competences	The student is aware of the importance and including its effects on the environment, ar		

Course title	INTEGRATED WEED CONTROL METHODS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	Marek Bury E-mail address to the person Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-41	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	recognition of the role of weeds and their in reduce weed infestation	mportance in agroc	enosis and selection of appropriate methods to	
Entry requirements	Botany, plant nutrition, plant cultivation an	d plant physiology,	soil science	
Course contents	The role of herbicides in controlling weed infestation of crops. Herbicide application technology - threats to the user, the environment and weed control resulting from improper application Weeds and their importance in agrocenoses in terms of biodiversity and combating them. Influence of habitat and agrotechnical factors on the condition and degree of weed infestation of agricultural plants. Prevention of weed infestation and review of modern methods of weed control			
Assessment methods	Lectures multi media presentations Written work / project work (presentation) Evaluation of presentation / project			
Recommended readings	 Team work Susan Jellis (ed.), Encyclopaedia of arable weeds, Folia Partners Ltd, Warwickshire, 2018, ahdb.org.uk/knowledge-library/encyclopaedia-of-arable-weeds Clarence J. Swanton, Kris J. Mahoney, Kevin Chandler, and Robert H. Gulden, Integrated Weed Management: Knowledge-Based Weed Management Systems, Weed Science Society of America, 2008, Source: Weed Science, 56(1):168-172. Timothy J. Krupnik, Kamrun Naher, Shafiq Islam, Md. Arshadul Hoque, Apurba Roy, Virender Kumar, Israil Hossain, Khaled Hossain, Sumona Shahrin, Mahesh Kumar Gathala, Anil Shrestha and Sheikh Md. Nazim Uddin, INTEGRATED WEED MANAGEMENT: Experiential learning modules - Book 2., CIMMYT- Bangladesh, Gulshan, Dhaka, 2016, Cereal Systems Initiative for South Asia SS Rana and MC Rana, Principles and Practices of Weed Management, Department of Agronomy, College of Agriculture, CSK Himachal Pradesh Krishi Vishvavidyalaya,, Palampur, India, 2016 			
Knowledge	for different groups of weeds methods of ir	ntegrated control	species on fields. Student proposes appropriate	
Skills	Student can choose the appropriate methods of weed control and formulate recommend of integrated method for specific groups of weeds			
Other social competences	Student is aware of the need for education and self-improvement in the use of new technologies in weed control			

Course title	LANDSCAPE DESIGN				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	project course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Magdalena Rzeszotarska-Pałka E-mail address to the person Magdalena.Rzeszotarska-Palka@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-42	ECTS points	6		
Semester	summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60		
Objectives of the course	Acquires extended knowledge in the field of shaping various landscape architecture objects, both in urban and open landscapes. Acquires knowledge of basic methods, techniques, tools and materials used in designs of complex landscape architecture objects. Acquires the skills required to develop a comprehensive design for a complex landscape architecture object, taking into account detailed structural and material solutions, as well as the appropriate selection of vegetation. Acquires the knowledge and skills in the field of using plants in landscape architecture designs.				
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of the principles of landsc	ape design			
Course contents	Main stages and methodology of the land development projectDevelopment of land inventory, landscape analysis and valorisationDevelopment of preliminary design guidelinesMid-semester review in the inventory phase and preliminary design guidelinesDevelopment of a detailed land development projectMid-semester review in the detailed design phaseSelection of trees and shrubs in terms of habitat, composition and their applicability for the design taskSelection of decorative plants in terms of their composition and habitat for the design taskSelection of appropriate material and construction solutions for the respective elements of the design taskPreparation to present the project on boards and in the form of a multimedia presentationStages and methodology of project developmentThe appropriate selection of vegetation for the design taskInformation lecture illustrated with the use of multimedia techniquesActivating methods: the method of cases, situational methodProject (design) method, case study				
	Continuous assessment Intermediate presentations: mid-semster review Final evaluation of individual project 1. Vidella A.S., The sourcebook of contemporary landscape design, Collins Design, New York, 2008				
Recommended readings	 Waterman T., The Fundamentals of Landscape Architecture, Bloomsbury Publishinh PLC, Londyn, 2015 Landscape Architecture, magazine, Wrocław Braham R., First lessons in dendrology, Kendall Hunt Publishing, 2012 				
Knowledge	Acquires extended knowledge in the field of shaping various landscape architecture objects, both in urban and open landscapes. Acquires knowledge of basic methods, techniques, tools and materials used in designs of complex landscape architecture objects.				
Skills	Acquires the skills required to develop a comprehensive design for a complex landscape architecture object, taking into account detailed structural and material solutions, as well as the appropriate selection of vegetation.				
Other social competences	Correctly identifies and solves problems that arise during the development of a design task. Is able to cooperate within the project team. Analyzes the design task in its numerous aspects and formulates the right solutions.				

Course title	LIFE CYCLE ASSESMENT			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Gałczyńska	E-mail address to the person	Malgorzata.Galczynska@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-43	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	The goals of the course are: 1) to introduce students to the fundamental concepts related to interaction of industrial and environmental/ecological systems, sustainability challenges facing the current generation, and systems-based approaches required to create sustainable solutions for society, 2) to understanding the concepts and the scientific method as it applies to a systems-based, trans- disciplinary approach to sustainability, 3) to preparation to identify problems in sustainability and formulate appropriate solutions based on scientific research, applied science, social and economic issues The workshop will focus on use basic analyst's competence in Life Cycle Assessment (LCA).			
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of general chemistry			
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of environmental chemist	ry		
Course contents	LCA software tools and databases. Critical review of an LCA study. Application areas of LCA and limitations. Presentation - LCA in relation to other environmental systems analysis tools for the selected example. LCA in relation to other environmental systems analysis tools. Methodology for the different phases of an LCA (goal definition and scoping, inventory analysis, impact assessment and interpretation). Methodology for simplified LCA. Multiple choice test			
Assessment methods	Multimedia presentations Discuss possible applications and limitiations of LCA Computer labs Reports of LCA analysis Presentation - LCA in relation to other environmental systems analysis tools for the selected example. Assessment of the homework assignments Multiple choice test			
Recommended readings	1. Curran, M. A., Life Cycle Assessment Stu			
Knowledge	Student gains theoretical and practical knowledge related to LCA in relation to other environmental systems analysis tools and related to the different phases of an LCA			
Skills	Student gains skills self-assessment of LCA method and describes LCA in relation to other environmental systems analysis tools for the selected example.			
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding of LCA method. Student sees the need of self-development and further education. Furthermore, every student organizes and leads researches in a team.			

Course title	LIQUID BIOFUELS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Hawrot-Paw E-mail address to the person Malgorzata.Hawrot-Paw@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSIR-1-44	ECTS points	3
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	Knowledge about liquid biofuels, methods a	and processes of the	eir production and application.
Entry requirements	Fundamentals of chemical, biochemical and	d microbiological pr	ocesses.
Course contents	preparation and extrusion. Process of transesterification, separation and purification of esters. Bio biodiesel quality indicators. Production of bioethanol. Characterization of the raw materials to ethanol fermentation and pre-treatment. Effectiveness of the fermentation process. Distillation / rectification process. Purification of bioethanol. Evaluation of bioethanol quality parameters. Evaluation of the basic parameters of the engine powered by bioethanol. Microalgae culture for liquid biofuels. Definition and types of biofuels. Methods of converting biomass into biofuels. Generationion of biofuels. Technologies for the production of liquid biofuels. Biomass pyrolysis process. Synthetic biofuels (BtL). Biohydrogen. Structure of biofuels use in Poland and in the world. Legal regulations on biofuels. Ecological and economic aspects of biofuel production. Comparative analysis for biofuels and conventional fuels.		
Assessment methods	Multimedia lecture. Demonstration. Laboratory exercises. Assessment of the participation in the lecture. Assessment of laboratory work skills. Evaluation oral / written.		
Recommended readings	 Robert C. Brown, Thermochemical Processing of Biomass: conversion into fuels, chemicals and power, J. Willy & Sons Ltd., London, 2011 Ashok Pandey, Christian Larroche, Steven C. Ricke, Claude-Gilles Dussap, Edgard Gnansounou, Biofuels. Alternative Feedstocks and Conversion Processes, Elsevier Inc, 2011 		
Knowledge	Knowledge of the production of liquid biofuels and their use for energy production.		
Skills	Ability to produce liquid biofuels according to available technology and transform it into energy in a suitable installation.		
Other social competences	Awareness of your knowledge and skills and the importance of bioenergy.		

Course title	MATHEMATICAL MODELING			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Arkadiusz Telesiński	E-mail address to the person	Arkadiusz.Telesinski@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-45	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40	
Objectives of the course	The aim of the course is to provide method by ordinary differential equations and parti		eling and analysis of dynamic models described	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of linear algebra, mathem	atical analysis and	theory of probability	
	Introduction - purpose and scope of modeli	ng, basic definitions	5.	
	Stages of modeling. Formal description, as	sumption, model, so	ale, algorithm, simulation.	
	Model verification			
	Local and global formulation. Scale effect.			
	Deterministic and random models.			
	Static and dynamic models.			
	Analytical and numerical methods of solving.			
	Modeling with differential equations.			
Course contents	Optimization methods in modeling. Sensitivity analysis. Reminder knowledge of differential and integral calculus. The concept of the model. Linear and nonlinear models. Static and dynamic models. Models of deterministic and non-deterministic. Models of continuous and discrete. Basic operators. Transform of Laplace, Fourier and Z. Modeling interference. The concept of stochastic processes. Smoothing, filtering and prediction. Ordinary differential equations. Uniqueness of solutions. Initial and boundary conditions. Linear equations. Bringing higher-order equations to a system of first order equations. Matrix derivatives. Compartmental models. Models with fixed parameters. The models of the first, second, third and fourth order. Examples of models of real systems. Properties of compartmental models. Tasks reverse. Traceability parametric models. Regularization. Problems properly defined. Sensitivity and conditioning tasks. The models in the form of state equations. Uniqueness of the solution. The most important types of partial differential equations of second order. General partial differential equation of second order. Classification of linear equations of second order. Basic methods of solving second-order equations: the method of characteristics, method of separated variables, examples. Basic numerical methods for solving linear partial differential equations with boundary conditions. Basic numerical method. The use of Fourier transform for solving equations with boundary conditions. Application of the Laplace transform to solve equations with initial conditions.			
Assessment methods	Lectures Workshops Self solving mathematics tasks Evaluation of self solving mathematics tasks Test			
	1. R. Illner et al., Mathematical Modelling: A	Case Studies Appr	oach, AMS, 2005	
Recommended readings	2. E. Bender, Introduction to Mathematical	Modelling, Dover, 2	000	
readings	3. J. Kapur, Maximum-entropy Models in Science and Engineering, Wiley, 1989			
Knowledge	Student has basic knowledge of mathematics			
Skills	Student can solve mathematical modeling tasks			
91113				

Course title	MATHS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Arkadiusz Telesiński	E-mail address to the person	Arkadiusz. Telesinski@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-46	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45	
Objectives of the course	The aim of the course is to acquaint the student with the basic methods of linear algebra and mathematical analysis appearing in the sciences of life. After the course the student should demonstrate: knowledge of basic operations on matrices, the ability to solve systems of equations for calculating the limits of sequences and functions, examination of a function and the calculation of basic integrals			
Entry requirements	Basic mathematical knowledge			
	Linear equations. Solving linear equations (Gauss-Jordan algor	ithm)	
	Matrices. Equality of matrices. Addition of matrices. Scalar multiple of a matrix. Matrix product. Linear transformations. The identity matrix. Non-singular matrix. Symmetric and skew-symmetric matrix			
	Determinants. Minors. Cramer's rule			
	Complex numbers. Geometric representation of complex numbers. Complex conjugate. Modulus of a complex number. Ratio formulae. Argument of a complex number. De Moivre's theorem			
	Function limits and continuity. Operations on limits. Rational functions. Monotone functions			
	Derivatives of functions of one real variable. L'Hopital's rule. Function extremes. Study of function			
Course contents	Integrals. Indefinite integrals. Riemann's integrals			
	Complex numbers (basic algebraic properties, geometric interpretation of complex numbers)			
	Elements of linear algebra (addition, multiplication, and matrix inversion, solving systems of linear equations)			
	The definition of numerical sequence of numbers, basic operations on strings, over the border, series of numbers			
	Continuity and derivative functions, properties and its use of derivative			
	Extremes function, the study of a function			
	Indefinite and closed integrals			
	Lectures			
	Workshops			
Assessment methods	Self solving mathematics tasks			
	Evaluation of self solving mathematics tasks			
	Test			
Recommended	1. Williams G., Linear algebra with applicat	ons, 2014		
readings	2. Malik S.C., Arora S, Mathematical analys	s, 2010		
Knowledge	Student has knowleadge about basics of linear algebra and analysis of one real variable functions			
Skills	Student can solve mathematics tasks			
Other social	Student is aware of the importance of mathematics in life sciences			
competences				

Course title	MEDICINAL AND AROMATIC PLANTS		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Kamila Bojko	E-mail address to the person	kamila-bojko@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-47	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45
Objectives of the course	Providing knowledge of types of herbal m Providing knowledge of the major species properties		menclature omatic herbs - their cultivation methods and
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of agriculture/horticultur		
Course contents	Detailed characterisation of the main medicinal and aromatic plant species: Arnica montana L., Ocimum basilicum L., Sambucus nigra L., Artemisia dracunculus L., Satureja hortensis L., Hypericum perforatum L., Echinacea purpurea (L.) Moench. Detailed characterisation of the main medicinal and aromatic plant species: Valeriana officinalis L., Lavandula angustifolia Mill., Origanum vulgare L., Levisticum officinale W.D.J. Koch, Origanum majorana L., Melissa officinalis L. Detailed characterisation of the main medicinal and aromatic plant species: Mentha x piperita L., Calendula officinalis L. Detailed characterisation of the main medicinal and aromatic plant species: Mentha x piperita L., Calendula officinalis L., Digitalis lanata Ehrh., Silybum marianum (L.) Gaertn., Capsicum annuum L., Atropa belladonna L. Detailed characterisation of the main medicinal and aromatic plant species: Urtica dioica L., Althaea officinalis L., Rosa canina L., Chamomilla recutita (L.) Rauschert., Salvia officinalis L. Detailed characterisation of the main medicinal and aromatic plant species: Thymus vulgaris L., Tanacetum parthenium (L.) Sch. Bip., Hyssopus officinalis L., Taraxacum officinale Web., Oenothera biennis L. The history and importance of herbal plant cultivation Types of herbal materials and their nomenclature Biologically active compounds of medicinal and aromatic plants Principles of herbal plant cultivation methods		
Recommended	General principles of collecting herbal plants from their native habitats Lecture / multi-media presentation Project method Demonstration - Presentation of raw plant materials (fresh or dried) Performance in lectures and workshops Assessment of homework assignments Assessment of project work Written exam 1. Brill S., Dean E., Identifying and harvesting. Edible and medicinal plants, Happer, New York, 1994		
readings Knowledge		n - types of herbal m	ress, Cambridge, England, 2001 aterials, their nomenclature and biological activity aromatic herbs - their cultivation methods and
-	properties		
Skills	Student has skills to recognize the main medicinal and aromatic plants and describe their properties		
Other social competences	Student is aware of the importance of her	bs in medicine as w	ell as in the human diet

Course title	MICROBIOLOGICAL TRANSFORMATION OF BIOMASS				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Hawrot-Paw E-mail address to the person Malgorzata.Hawrot-Paw@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-48	ECTS points	3		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	2	2 Hours per semester 30			
Objectives of the course	Knowledge of the basics of microbiology a	nd microbial proces	ses used for obtaining energy from the biomass.		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of biochemistry and phys	sics.			
Course contents	Laboratory regulations and applicable safety regulations. Basic techniques for working with microorganisms. Methods of qualitative-quantitative assessment and microbial activity. Isolation microorganisms active in biomass transformation processes. Morphological, physiological and biochemical characterization of strains. Nutritional requirements of microorganisms. Enzymatic activity and biomass conversion. Biomass - types, properties, energetic application. Introduction to microbiology. Basic groups of microorganisms. Metabolism. Technical basics of microorganism culture (bioreactors). Enzymes in microbiological processes. Methods of biomass conversion and bioconversion (methane fermentation, ethanol fermentation, photo fermentation, dark fermentation, composting - microbiological and biochemical bases).				
Assessment methods	Multimedia lecture. Demonstration. Laboratory exercises. Assessment of laboratory work skills.				
Recommended readings	 Evaluation oral / written. 1. Jacquelyn G. Black, Microbiology, John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken, NJ, 2013 2. Joan L. Slonczewski, John W. Foster, Microbiology: An Evolving Science, W.W. Norton, New York ; London, 2011 3. Denny K. S. Ng, Raymond R. Tan, Dominic C. Y. Foo, Process Design Strategies for Biomass Conversion Systems, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, 2016 				
Knowledge	Knowledge about the properties and types of biomass and microbiological processes involved in energy generation.				
Skills	Ability to isolate active strains in biomass conversion and use them in selected transformation processes.				
Other social competences	The student understands the importance of bio-energy.				

Course title	MICROBIOLOGY			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lectur	e		
Person responsible for the course	Krystyna Cybulska	E-mail address to the person	Krystyna.Cybulska@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-49	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with various environmental microorganisms and their role in terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems. Environmental biotechnology (e.g. biodegradation of contaminants from various matrices of the environment, restoration of degraded soils, production of biologicals, recycling of waste) uses the natural activity of bacteria and fungi. Therefore, the aim of the course is to acquaint students with issues related to the environment, using micro-organisms to eliminate impurities on an industrial scale.			
Entry requirements	Basic biology			
Course contents	Fieldwork: Trip to the plants using biotechnology (e.g. biological sewage treatment plant, composting facility, biogas plant) Topics of Laboratories: Soil bacteria and fungi - microscopic observations and tests on selected enzymatic activities. Sludge from the sewage treatment plants - microscopic observations of bacteria and protozoa, biochemical processes. Lactic acid and alcohol fermentation - study of the processes. Topics of lectures: Microorganisms of the environment (soil and water), the characteristics of taxonomic groups and their spread in nature. Fundamentals of physiology and biochemistry of the bacterial cell. The impact of environmental and anthropogenic factors on the formation of unit of soil microorganisms. Interactions between soil organisms. The role of microorganisms in ecosystems. Environmental biotechnology processes used in biotechnology, fundamentals of Applied Microbiology. The use of microorganisms in environmental protection. Biological sewage treatment plants. Bioremediation of soils on degraded areas. Bacteria and fungi in organic farming. Lactic acid and alcohol fermentation in various industries. Microorganisms as a source of renewable energy.			
Assessment methods	Pass laboratory conspects Tests			
Recommended readings	 Lawrence K. Wang, Volodymyr Ivanov, Joo-Hwa Tay, Environmental Biotechnology - online, Springer Link, Humana Press, http://link.springer.com/book/10.1007%2F978-1-60327-140-0, 2010 Slonczewski Joan, Microbiology: an evolving science, W.W. Norton, New York; London, 2011 Bitton Gabriel, Wastewater microbiology, Hoboken: Wiley-Blackwell, 2011 Moo-Young, Murray - Red., Comprehensive biotechnology 1-6, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 2011 			
Knowledge	The student knows the structure of soil microorganisms and can discuss their metabolism, environmental activity Student uses basic microbial concepts and is able to do			
Skills	easy tasks, labor exercises			
Other social competences	The student is able to work in a team and demonstrate the ability to the development of their creative potential			

Course title	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Masojć E-mail address to the person Piotr.Masojc@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-50	ECTS points	6	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60	
Objectives of the course	genomic information	isms underlying org	anisation and regulation of the transfer of	
Entry requirements	basic genetics basic biochemistry			
	methods of DNA and RNA isolation			
	polymerase chain reaction (PCR)			
	electrophoresis of DNA			
	electrophoresis of proteins			
	use of restriction enzymes			
	Southern transfer			
	test			
	Organization of genes and gene networks in genomes of Prokaryota and Eukaryota			
	Molecular mechanisms of replication			
	Molecular mechanisms of transcription			
Course contents	Molecular mechanisms of translation			
	Molecular mechanisms of recombination			
	Molecular mechanisms of DNA repair			
	Regulation of gene expression			
	Molecular mechanisms of morphogenesis			
	Molecular mechanisms of sex determination			
	Epigenetic mechanisms			
	Molecular mechanisms of immune system			
	Molecular mechanisms of cancer			
	Basic methods of molecular biology			
	Lecture			
Assessment methods	laboratory			
	test			
Recommended readings	1. L.A. Allison, Fundamental Molecular Biology, Blackwell Publishing Ltd, Oxford, 2007, First Edition			
Knowledge	Understanding of molecular mechanisms of genome functioning			
Skills	Ability to differentiate basic processes ongoing in a living cell			
Other social competences	Teaching and explaining of basic molecula	Teaching and explaining of basic molecular processes ongoing in cells of living organisms		

Course title	MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS OF CULTIVATED PLANTS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Paweł Milczarski E-mail address to the person Pawel.Milczarski@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-51	ECTS points	3	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	Knowledge on the methods of identificatio	n plants genotypes	on a molecular level.	
Entry requirements	Basic of genetics, molecular biology and p	lant breednig		
Course contents	 Planning of experiments, preparation of the necessary equipment, the development of protocols and design of primers for PCR. Isolation, purification and quantification of plant DNA. Methods of generating DNA markers (ISSR, SSR, AFLP, STS,CAPS). Comparing the conditions of separation and detection methods. Choice of molecular markers method for cultivar identification. Protection of property rights to the varieties using marker techniques Methods of detecting DNA and protein variation by molecular markers in plants. An overview of the most important techniques for generating molecular markers. The possibility of using molecular techniques in the diagnosis of plants. Applications of DNA Fingerprinting in Plant Sciences. 			
Assessment methods	practical exercise written exam			
Recommended readings	1. Weising K., Nybom H., Wolf K., Kahl G, DNA Fingerprinting in Plants: Principles, Methods and Aplications, CRC Press Taylor and Francis Group, Boka Raton, 2005, II			
Knowledge	Student will know the most useful techniques of molecular marker identification			
Skills	Students will know how to conduct experiment for identifcation diagnostic problem.			
Other social competences	Student will know how to work in laboratory group and know work safety regulation.			

Course title	MOLECULAR GENETICS OF PLANTS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Piotr Masojć	E-mail address to the person	Piotr.Masojc@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-52	ECTS points	6	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60	
Objectives of the course	Knowledge on the using of modern molecu important traits.	ilar tools in identifyi	ng of valuable DNA polymorphisms affecting	
Entry requirements	Basic of genetics, molecular biology and p	olant breednig		
	Design of experiments, required equipmer	nt and computer pro	grams. Safety regulation.	
	Isolation, purification and quantification of	plant DNA and RNA		
	Methods of generating DNA markers using PCR technology. Amplification, separation and detection.			
	Molecular markers methods in fingerprinting of cultivar plants			
	Generation of markers useful to construct genetic maps. Principles of construction of genetic maps.			
	Methods of identification and location of the QTL.			
	Association Mapping - data entry and analysis.			
	Characteristics of functional markers, rules for their preparation and use.			
	Introduction to genetics of plants			
Course contents	DNA sequencing technology, NGS platform	າ.		
	Techniques of generating molecular markers.			
	Plant materials necessary for search of molecular markers.			
	Methods of DNA fingerprinting.			
	Construction of phylogenetic trees.			
	Construction of genetic maps, QTL identification.			
	Methods of detecting molecular marker - phenotypic trait association.			
	Development of functional marker (FM)			
	Selection using molecular markers.			
	Molecular breeding for a given trait using functional markers			
	lecture			
Assossment methods	laboratory			
Assessment methods	practical exercise			
	written exam			
Recommended readings	1. Weising K., Nybom H., Wolf K., Kahl G, DNA Fingerprinting in Plants: Principles, Methods and Aplications, CRC Press Taylor and Francis Group, Boka Raton, 2005, II			
Knowledge	Student will gain knowledge of DNA analysis for identyfication of genetic variation in plants.			
Skills	Students will know how to apply DNA technology in selection and practical breeding.			
Other social	Student will know how to work in laborator	ry group and know w	vork safety regulation.	
competences				

Course title	NATURAL ANTIOXIDANTS IN HORTICULTURAL CROPS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Arkadiusz Telesiński E-mail address to the person Arkadiusz.Telesinski@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-53	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	After finishing the course students should have ability to describe reactive oxygen species, their formation and effect on cells. Students should have knowledge about structure and properties of low-molecular antioxidant compounds. Furthermore they should be able to choose horticulture crops, which have high concentration of antioxidants.			
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge about vegetables, fruits	and herbs; principle	s of botany, plant physiology and biochemistry.	
Course contents	Datermination of flavonoids Determination of plyphenols Determination of L-ascorbic acid Determination of antioxidant activity Determination of antioxidant capacity Production of reactive oxygen species in environment and organisms. Effect of reactive oxygen species on organisms, oxidative stress, hipermetabolism, organism ageing. Methods of determination of reactive oxygen species, oxidative stress and antioxidants. Characteristics of low- molecular antioxidants: tocopherols, polyphenols, glutathione, ascorbic acid and others. Fruits, vegetables and herbs containing high concentration of antioxidants and their functions in dietetics and pharmacy.			
Assessment methods	Lectures Laboratories			
Recommended readings	 Kaeney J.F.Jr. [eds.]., Oxidative stress and vascular disease, Kluwer Academic Press, 2001 Packer L., Ong A.S.H. [eds.]., Biological oxidants and antioxidants: molecular mechanisms and health effects., FSTA Direct, 1998 			
Knowledge	Student has knowledge about reactive oxygen species and antioxidants			
Skills	Student can determine antioxidants in plant material			
Other social competences	Student can work in the team			

Course title	NON-AGRICULTURAL SOURCES OF BIOMASS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Level of course				
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lectu	re		
Person responsible for the course	Grzegorz Jarnuszewski	E-mail address to the person	Grzegorz.Jarnuszewski@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-54	ECTS points	1	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	0	Hours per semester	12	
Objectives of the course	Student has knowledge of waste management and the use of post-production and waste biomass Student can recognize and select apply technology of biomass for energy purposes Student is aware of further training and the need constantly expand knowledge on the use post-production and waste biomass.			
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of waste management methods of their management and disposal with the possibility of energy recovery.			
Course contents	Physico-chemical properties and morphological composition of selected wastes as a criterion of their usefulness for combustion Practical presentation of waste processing technology (ZPOiPPA NewCo). Characterization, division and origin of wood waste, furniture, sewage sludge, food and pulp and paper industry. Methods of using biomass from waste from non-agricultural activities.			
	Lectures/Multimedia presentations			
•	Laboratories/demonstration, synopsis			
Assessment methods	elaboration			
	test			
Recommended	1. Khanal S.K., Surampalli R.Y., Zhang T.C., Lamsal B.P., Tyagi R.D., Kao C.M., Bioenergy and biofuela from biowastes and biomas, American Society of Civil Engineers, Reston, Virginia, 2010			
readings	2. Dahiya A., Bioenergy: biomass to biofuels, Elsevier, 2015, ISBN: 978-0-12-407909-0			
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of waste managem	Student has knowledge of waste management and the use of post-production and waste biomass.		
Skills	Student can recognize and select apply technology of biomass for energy purposes.			
Other social competences	Student is aware of further training and the need constantly expand knowledge on the use post-production and waste biomass.			

Course title	NUTZPFLANZEN DER TROPEN UND SUBTROPEN		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Marek Bury	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Bury@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-55	ECTS points	4
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	german
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	Die Studierenden erwerben detaillierte Ker Qualitätsanforderungen an ihre Produkte u ackerbaulich genutzte Arten in tropischen	nd ihre pflanzenbau	uliche Produktionstechnik, schwerpunktmäßig für
Entry requirements	Grundlegende Kenntnisse in Botanik, Pflan		
Course contents	Die kurze Charakteristik und Botanik und die allgemeine Vorstellung von Pflanzen, die aus tropischen Länder stammen (Mais, Sorghumhirse, Amaranthus, Sonnenblume, Kartoffeln, Hanf) oder in Tropen und Subtropen angebaut sind (Reis, Quinoa, Baumwolle, Manihot, Ölpalme, Zuckerrohr u.a.) Der Inhalt umfasst wirtschaftliche Bedeutung, Standortbedingungen (Boden- und Klimaverhältnisse) und die allgemeine Anbauverfahren von Pflanzen, die aus tropischen Länder stammen und in Europa angebaut sind (Mais, Sorghumhirse, Amaranthus, Sonnenblume, Kartoffeln, Hanf) und von durch den Studierenden gewählten Arten berichtet, die in Tropen und Subtropen angebaut sind. Als Beispiel kann hier Anbau von Reis, Quinoa, Baumwolle, Manihot, Ölpalme, Kaffee, Kakao, Tee u.a. genannt werden		
Assessment methods	Vorlesung / Multi-media Präsentationen Erkennung von einzelnen Arten Vorbereitung von Präsentation / Projektes Beurteilung von Präsentation / Projektes		
Recommended readings	 Franke G, Nutzpflanzen der Tropen und Subtropen, Hirzel, Leipzig, 1982, 4. Aufl. Rehm, S. & G. Espig, Die Kulturpflanzen der Tropen und Subtropen, Verlag Eugen Ulmer, Stuttgart, 1984 Bärtels A., Farbatlas Tropenpflanzen: Zier- und Nutzpflanzen, Verlag Eugen Ulmer, Stuttgart, 1989 Jenuwein H, Avocado bis Zuckerrohr: tropische Nutzpflanzen selber ziehen, Verlag Eugen Ulmer, Stuttgart, 1986 Caesar K., Einführung in den tropischen und subtropischen Pflanzenbau, DLG-Verlag, Frankfurt/Main, 1986 		
Knowledge	Der Student hat Kenntnis von der Bedeutu und in der Wirtschaft Europas (Polens), bes	ng von Nutzpflanze schreibt die in Euror	n der Tropen und Subtropen in der Weltwirtschaft ba angebauten tropischen Pflanzenarten
Skills	Der Student ist in der Lage, die Grundsätze und die Bedeutung der Produktion von Nutzpflanzenarten der Tropen und Subtropen aufzuzählen und kann die geeignete Methode und Technologie des Anbaus wählen, die die Rentabilität der Produktion garantiert		
Other social competences	Der Studierende ist bewusst der Bedeutung und des Verständnisses der agrotechnischen Aspekte des Ingenieurwesens, einschließlich seiner Auswirkungen auf die Umwelt		

Course title	ORNAMENTAL PLANTS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Agnieszka Zawadzińska E-mail address to the person Agnieszka.Zawadzinska@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-56	ECTS points	6	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60	
Objectives of the course	cultivation and the use. Providing knowledge of propagation proce Providind knowledge and ability of use pla	ess and plant produc ants in terms in the c	lesign of green areas and interior.	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of plants structure, syste Basics knowledge of soil science and plan		hysiology.	
Course contents	Bulbs, tubers and rhizome plants - characteristic of the species, groups and cultivars, requirements, cultivation and the use. Annual and biennial plants - characteristic of the species, requirements, cultivation and the use. Perennial - characteristic of the species, requirements, cultivation and the use. Occurrence of ornamental plants in the world Botanic and utility groups of ornamental plants Propagation of ornamental plants Bulbs, tubers and rhizome plants - structure and short characteristic of groups Annual and biennial plants - characteristic of groups Perennial - characteristic of groups			
Assessment methods	project work written the test			
Recommended readings	 Callaway D.J., Breeding of ornamental plants., Timber Press., 2009 Ifengspace – Guangzhou T., Ornamental plants in landscape., Phoenix Publishing Limited, Phoenix, 2012 			
Knowledge	Student proposes appropriate for different groups of ornamental plants production technologies Student identifies and characterises the most important economically species and cultivars of ornamental plants. Student can choose the appropriate methods of production and formulate recommendation of cultivation for			
Skills	Student can choose the appropriate methods of propagation for particular plant species. Student is able to analyze and interpret the impact of agrotechnical factors on growth, development and yield of ornamental plants.			
Other social competences	Student is aware of the need for education and self-improvement in the use of new technologies.			

Course title	ORNAMENTAL PLANTS IN THE WORLD				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Agnieszka Zawadzińska	E-mail address to the person	Agnieszka.Zawadzinska@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-57	ECTS points	3		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30		
Objectives of the course	To introduce students to the typical flora ir Indication of the origin of economically imp To introduce students to the requirements Indication of the risks of over-exploitation of	oortant ornamental of the plants, dependent	plants nding on the origin.		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of the geography and bot	anic			
	Ornamental plants zones.				
	Polish protected plants.				
	Plant nations – characteristic of plants that have decorative and utility value.				
	Tropical rainforest.				
Course contents					
	Mediterranean country plants.				
	Characteristic and importance of palms- re	view of major speci	es.		
	Characteristic and requirements of succule	nts - review of majo	or species.		
	Ornamental aquatic and mud plants – origin, application.				
	informative lecture				
	exposure				
Assessment methods	projects method				
	evaluation of the project				
	written exam				
	1. Blundell M., Wild flowers of East Africa.,	Harper Colins Publi	ishers, 1987		
	2. Chan E., Tropical plants., Periplus, 2000				
Recommended	3. Hardy D., Succulents of the Transvaal., Southern Book Publishers., 1992				
readings	4. Perry F., Flowers of the World., Optimum books., 1982				
	5. Warren W., Tropical flowers., Periplus., 1				
Knowledge	The student knows the typical flora in the various geographical zones-plant and plant states, the main species of ornamental plants and there location in the world.				
Skills	The student is able to describe requirements the most important ornamental plants in relation to the origin.				
Other social competences	The student is aware of the continuous learning and expanding knowledge of the occurrence of plants and the threats present in the environment				

Course title	ORNAMENTAL POT PLANTS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Agnieszka Zawadzińska	E-mail address to the person	Agnieszka.Zawadzinska@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-58	ECTS points	3	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the	Knowledge of the basic species pot plants	available on the ma	rket.	
Objectives of the course	Selection of plants for interior and exterior low, medium and high light locations. Rules		growing and caring for plants . Indoor plants for lants.	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of the geography, botanic	and phisiology pla	nts	
Course contents	Characteristics of the most important species and cultivars of ornamental plants from family Agavaceae, Arecaceae, Araceae, Araliaceae, Begoniaceae, Bromeliaceae, Crassulaceae, Cactaceae, Dracenaceae, Gesneriaceae, Moraceae, Orchidaceae, Zamiaceae etc., available for flower markets. Propagation and cultivation of ornamental pot plants for interiors and balconies . Care of plants indoors.			
	Application and arranging ornamental plants indoors and on balconies .			
	informative lecture			
	exposure			
	demonstration			
Assessment methods subject exercises				
	written exam			
	recognizing of plants			
	report of the exercises	of the exercises		
	1. Chapman P., Davidson W., Martin M., Encyclopedia of houseplants., Published by Crescent Books, New York, 1987			
	2. Perry F., Flowers of the World., Optimum books., 1982			
Recommended	3. Warren W., Tropical flowers, Periplus., 1998			
readings	4. Crockett J.U., Foliage house plants., TIME LIFEBOOKS, Amsterdam., 1988			
_	5. Beckett K.A., Encyclopedia of house plants., GALLERY BOOKS, New York., 1990			
	6. Chan E., Tropical plants., Periplus., 2000			
	7. Verteuil A., Burton V., Indoor gardens., Ebury Press, London, 1986			
Knowledge	The student knows and recognizes the vari	ety of ornamental p	pot plant.	
Skills	The student explains how to grow, reproduce, maintain and arrange the pot plants in the interiors and balkonies			
Other social competences	The student is aware of the continuous learning and increasing knowledge of new species and cultivars of pot plants.			

Course title	PHOTOGRAPHY			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Ewa Miśkiewicz-Żebrowska E-mail address to the person Ewa.Miskiewicz-Zebrowska@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-59	ECTS points	3	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	Get to know the history of photography at a Familiarization with the hardware and the t Understanding the settings of the camera i Understanding the rules of photographic co Understanding the principles of rendering,	ypes of cameras, can manual mode (shomposition and light	arpness, aperture, shutter speed) ing	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of optics and computer			
Course contents	guided performance and execution of photographs independent performance and execution of photographs discussion and credit History of Photography at a glance Repetytorium optics. Construction and components of cameras. Auxiliary equipment. Carriers of record (photographic film or CCD) Camera settings (sharpness, aperture, shutter speed) Photographic composition and lighting Rendering, computer processing and printing The use of photographs (advertising, science, art, hobby) Summary and credit			
Assessment methods	Information lecture illustrated with the use of multimedia techniques, presentation of equipment Practical methods: show Activating methods: the method of cases, situational method situational method, individual and group correction Overview of work, colloquium and credit Student knows some history of photography, construction of cameras, understands rules of composition and is able to execute some good photographs.			
Recommended readings	 Miotke J., BetterPhoto Basics: The Absolute Beginner's Guide to Taking Photos Like a Pro, Amphoto Books, New York, 2010 Stone J., London B., A Short Course in Photography, Pearson, London, 2014, (8th Edition) 			
Knowledge	Student knows some history of photography, construction of cameras, understands rules of composition and is able to execute some good photographs.			
Skills	Student correctly uses camera settings, composition and lighting,and methods of rendering, computer processing and printing			
Other social competences	Student is sensitive to manifestations of art in the surrounding reality, which uses to build his own creative attitude			

Course title	PHYTOREMEDIATION POTENTIAL OF AQUATIC PLANTS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Małgorzata Gałczyńska E-mail address to the person Malgorzata.Galczynska@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-60	ECTS points	6	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60	
Objectives of the course	The goals of this course are: 1) to understaunderstand the concepts of constructed we ecosystems Analysis of ammonia nitrogen (NH4-N), nitrorthophosphate (PO4-P), temperature, disso	etlands, 3) to unders rate nitrogen NO3-N olved oxygen (DO)	stand the concepts of restoration aquatic)	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of environmental chemist	ry		
Course contents	Determination of dissolved oxygen and pH in water Determination of nitrogen and phosphorus compounds in water Calculations of the effectiveness of removing contamination with metals and biogenic compounds Role of aquatic plants in environmental clean-up. Constructed wetlands. 1. Physical, chemical and biological processes in the soil and water environment with the usage of wetland plants (macrophytes). 2. Aquatic plants used in CWs. 3. Classification of constructed treatment wetlands. 4. Domestic and industrial wastewater treatment. 5. Stormwater treatment. 6. Sewage gardens - constructed wetlands for single family households. 7. Cost-effectiveness and environmental impact. 8. Removal efficiency. 9. Pilot project Polder Rochow. 10. Pilot project with Joachim Krüger Pflanzenkläranlagen GmbH. 11. Case study Vidrare - the vertical flown CW: design of the wastewater treatment, construction of the wastewater treatment, operation and maintenance, costs, other aspects			
Assessment methods	Multimedia presentations Discussion Laboratory exercises Assessment of the homework assignments Presentation - mitigation proposal for constructed urban aquatic habitats Reports of water analysis 1. Bhupinder Dhir, Phytoremediation: role of aquatic plants in environmental clean-up., 2013			
Recommended readings	2. Craig S. Campbell, Michael Ogden, Cons	tructed Wetlands in	the Sustainable Landscape, 1999	
Knowledge	Student gains theoretical and practical knowledge about constructed wetlands related to the circulation of elements in nature and their migration in the soil-water-plant system			
Skills	Student gains skills describes role aquatic plants, that are used in constructed wetlands. Moreover, he/she can do chemical analysis of water in hydroponic culture in environmental laboratories.			
Other social competences	Student demonstrates understanding of phenomena occurring in the constructed aquatic ecosystem. Student sees the need of self-development and further education. Furthermore, every student organizes and leads researches in a team. Students are responsible for ensured equipment.			

Course title	PLANT PATHOLOGY		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Janusz Błaszkowski	E-mail address to the person	Janusz.Blaszkowski@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-61	ECTS points	6
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60
Objectives of the course	protection against diseases. 4. Explain the manner of action of pathoge 5. Characterize the methods of eradicating 6. Mention the factors influencing the appe 7. Predict the appearance of epidemics of t 7. Describe the methods of applying of biol 8. List the types of chemical preparations up athogens. 9. Propose how to prevent the emergence	ses and their causal species of antagonistic of erent antagonistic of and reducing of ino varance and develop the most serious pla ogical preparations used in plant protect of resistant forms o	stic and symbiotic microorganisms. organisms and symbionts used in biological plant ortant life processes. oculum of pathogens. oment of epidemics. ant diseases. in agricultural and horticultural plant production. tion and explain the mode of their action on
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of biology, plant physiolog		
Course contents	Diagnosis of plant diseases caused by environmental factors, viruses, viroids, bacteria, lower fungi (of the orders Plasmodiophoromycota, Oomycota, Zygomycota), higher fungi (Ascomycota, Basidiomycota), mitosporic fungi and parasitic plants. Elaboration of methods of protection of plants against disease agents. Aims of applied phytopathology. Significance of plant diseases. Division of plant pathology. Definition of a plant disease. Classification of plant diseases. Parasitism and pathogenicity. Host range of pathogens. Properties and types of parasites. Development of a disease in plants. Effects of pathogens on plant physiological functions. Mechanisms of plant resistance to diseases. Types of resistance. Symptomatology: classification and types of disease symptoms. Elements of an epidemic. Rules and methods of plant protection. Types of plant resistance to pathogens. The gene-for-gene concept. Life cycles of fungal-like organisms and fungi and sources of their variability.		
Assessment methods	Lectures and field and laboratory exercises. Periodic tests. Written exam.		
Recommended readings	 Agrios G. N., Plant pathology., Academic Press., San Diego, New York, Berkely, Boston, London, Tokyo, Toronto., 1988, 3 Smith I. M., Dunez J., Lelliott R. A., Phillips D. H., Archer S. A., European handbook of plant diseases., Blackwell Scientific Publications., 1988, 1 		
Knowledge	 After successful completion of the course students will: 1. Know the definition of a plant disease. 2. Know differences between parasitism and pathogenicity and the features of pathogens. 3. Be able to recognize the most harmful pathogens from different taxonomic groups. 1. Know the factors influencing the appearance and development of epidemics. 4. Know the definition of resistance and can characterize the types of resistance of plants to pathogens. 5. Be able to explain the gene-for-gene theory. 6. Be able to characterize disease symptoms caused by noninfectious factors, viruses, bacteria and fungi. 7. Know the methods of plant protection and the modes of action of the most important groups of chemicals used in plant protection against diseases. 8. Know the rules of safe handling of chemicals used in plant protection against disease causal agents. 		
Skills	 After successful completion of the course students will: 1. Know the definition of a plant disease. 2. Know differences between parasitism and pathogenicity and the features of pathogens. 3. Be able to recognize the most harmful pathogens from different taxonomic groups. 1. Know the factors influencing the appearance and development of epidemics. 4. Know the definition of resistance and can characterize the types of resistance of plants to pathogens. 5. Be able to explain the gene-for-gene theory. 6. Be able to characterize disease symptoms caused by noninfectious factors, viruses, bacteria and fungi. 7. Know the methods of plant protection and the modes of action of the most important groups of chemicals used in plant protection against diseases. 8. Know the rules of safe handling of chemicals used in plant protection against disease causal agents. 		
Other social competences			

After successful completion of the course students will:

1. Know the definition of a plant disease.

2. Know differences between parasitism and pathogenicity and the features of pathogens.

3. Be able to recognize the most harmful pathogens from different taxonomic groups.

1. Know the factors influencing the appearance and development of epidemics.

4. Know the definition of resistance and can characterize the types of resistance of plants to pathogens.

5. Be able to explain the gene-for-gene theory.

6. Be able to characterize disease symptoms caused by noninfectious factors, viruses, bacteria and fungi. 7. Know the methods of plant protection and the modes of action of the most important groups of chemicals

used in plant protection against diseases. 8. Know the rules of safe handling of chemicals used in plant protection against disease causal agents.

Course title	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Jacek Wróbel	E-mail address to the person	Jacek.Wrobel@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSIR-1-62	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40
	To acquaint students with physical and phy	siological processes	s that take place in plants.
Objectives of the	To learn relationships between the course (environmental) factors		
course	To use the physiological processes being l	earnt to increase pla	ant productivity.
	To gain team work skills.		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of general biology, chemi	stry and physics	
		s. Determination of	the osmotic potential of cell sap and transpiration
	intensity.		
	Detection of starch in leaf blades and chromatographic analysis of assimilation pigment extract		
	Detection of mineral chemical element in plant. Ionic antagonism.		
	Physiological role and symptoms of the deficiency of chemical elemants in plants		
	Effect of stimulators and inhibitors on plant growth and development		
	Plant movements.		
Course contents	Water balance of plant cells and plants.		
	Gas exchange in plants (photosynthesis and respiration)		
	Internal and external factors affecting the i	ntensity of photosy	nthesis and respiration.
	Physiology of plant mineral nutrition.		
	Growth and differentiation in plants.		
	General characteristics of plant growth and development regulators		
	Classification and importance of plant mov		
	Traditional lecture.		
	Explanation, clarification		
Assessment methods	Laboratory classes Demonstration, presentation		
	Crediting the written reports from laborato	ly classes.	
	Written test.		
Recommended	1. Taiz L., Zeiger E., Plant physiology and d	•	
readings	Blackwell Publishing, Purdue University, Inc	liana USA, 2005	er for plants environmental stress physiology,
	A student defines and distinguishes basic p		
Knowledge	A students characterises internal and exter	nal factors affecting	g the physiological processes that take in plants.
	A student know chemical elements being a	•	
	A student performs measurement of basic maesurments and draws coclusions.	physiological proces	sses in plants, interprets results of these
Skills	A student is able to use different sources of information and search in them for data to prepare a specific task in the field of plant physiology		
Other social	A student can work and co-operate in a group and take responsibility for the task performed.		
competences			

Course title	PLANT TISSUE CULTURES			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Danuta Kulpa E-mail address to the person Danuta.Kulpa@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-63	ECTS points	6	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	4	Hours per semester	60	
Objectives of the course	Explain the various components of plant tissue culture media, e.g. minerals, growth factors, hormones, and what governs the choice of components, Explain the various steps taken to establish and optimise media for particular purposes in particular species, without the aid of texts Explain and perform some of the more advanced techniques, e.g. embryo rescue, and protoplasting. Establish and maintain plants in tissue culture and micropropagation, including morphogenesis Investigate and define a protocol to establish an unknown species and test its response Explain the various cell lines used in tissue culture and their origins and uses			
Entry requirements	Knowledge of plant anatomy and physiology would be advantageous.			
Course contents	Preparation of solid and liquid media. Preparation and sterilization of explants. Mass micropropagation of healthy plants. Callus and cell culture. Suspension cultures in bioreactor. Presentation from selective scientific papers. History of plant tissue cultures. Micropropagation (preparative stage, initiation of cultures, shoot multiplication, elongation and rooting, transfer to greenhouse condition). Somatic embryogenesis and artificial seeds. Callus and suspension cultures. Secondary product formation in suspension cultures. In vitro cultures in paInt breeding.			
Assessment methods Recommended readings	project work essays 1. Bhojwani S.S., M. K. Razdan., Plant tissue culture: theory and practice., Elsevier science, 1996			
Knowledge	Students know the basic knowledge of plant tissue cultures.			
Skills Other social	The student is able to prepare the media and set up a sterile culture in vitro.			
competences	Student is able to work in a team of people growing plants in cultures in vitro.			

Course title	POSTHARVEST BIOLOGY AND TECHNOLOGY OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Kamila Bojko E-mail address to the person kamila-bojko@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-64	ECTS points	5	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45	
Objectives of the course		stharvest handling tech	s nniques for various fruit and vegetable species ucts with the methods and conditions of their	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of biochemistry, plan	t physiology, vegetable	and fruit crops	
Course contents	Storage parameters for horticultural crops Changes occurring during storage - physical, chemical, biological, enzymatic and textural Changes in nutritional quality of fruits and vegetables during storage Quality characteristics of common fruits and vegetables according to their storage ability Storage methods / Controlled and modified atmospheres Chemical and physical treatments enhancing postharvest quality of fruits and vegetables Edible coatings Packing and packaging materials used for fruits and vegetables			
Assessment methods	Lecture / multi-media presentation Discussion Laboratory exercises Completion of the assignments Project method / report Performance in lectures and laboratories Assessment of the participation in the discussion Assessment of the homework assignments Assessment of laboratory work skills Report Final written exam			
Recommended readings	 Paliyath G., Murr D., P., Handa A.K., Lurie S., Postharvest Biology and Technology of Fruits, Vegetables and Flowers, Wiley-Blackwell Publishing, USA, 2008 Wills R., McGlasson B., Graham D., Joyce D., Postharvest, UNSW Press, Syndney, Australia, 2007, 5th Ed. 			
Knowledge	preparing them for marketing	nts enhancing postharv	vest quality of horticultural crops and methods of	
Skills	Student has skills to adjust the specific methods and parameters of storage to the particular species of fruits and vegetables Student is able to assess the impact of the activities carried out during the storage process of horticultural crops			
Other social competences	Student is aware of the responsibility of	of high quality food proc	duction	

Course title	PRESENTATION TECHNIQUES			
Course title				
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Ewa Miśkiewicz-Żebrowska E-mail address to the person Ewa.Miskiewicz-Zebrowska@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-65	ECTS points	3	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
	Understanding the rules of composition on	the plane. Introduct	tion to the lettering manual and mechanical.	
	Editing text. Deliberate and conscious form	at text, create table	es, graphs e.t.c.	
Objectives of the course			vings. Understanding the basic graphic programs.	
course	Formatting and paste illustrations to the te		s, posters. Basics of visualization and computer	
	animation. Understanding the program pre			
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of photography and comp	uter programs		
	The rules on the composition on plane. Intr	oduction to the lett	ering.	
	Ink, stencil, printing and computer lettering].		
	Text editors. Formatting text, tables, charts and others.			
	Work on picture. Graphic programs. Formatting and paste illustrations to the text.			
	Introduction to the presentation graphics: The composition of single and multi-page.			
	Graphic design projects, charts, visualizations. Computer animations.			
	credit			
Course contents	The rules on the composition on plane. Introduction to the lettering.			
	Ink, stencil, printing and computer lettering		cring.	
	Text editors. Formatting text, tables, charts and others.			
	Work on picture. Graphic programs. Formatting and paste illustrations to the text.			
	Introduction to the presentation graphics: The composition of single and multi-page.			
	Graphic design projects, charts, visualizations. Computer animations.			
	credit	of multimedia toolo	ninues, propositation of any imposit	
	Information lecture illustrated with the use of multimedia techniques, presentation of equipment			
	Practical methods: show			
Assessment methods	Activating methods: the method of cases, situational method			
	Situational method, individual and group correction			
	Overview of work, colloquium and credit Student knows the rules on the composition on plane, text editors and graphic programs. Student is able to execute the presentation graphics.			
	1. Bowman Daria Price, Presentations: Proven Techniques for Creating Presentations That Get Results, F+W			
Recommended readings	Publications Inc, Madison, 1998 2. Descriptions of programs: Microsoft Word, Sketchup, Corel Draw, Corel Paint, Adobe Photoshop, Power Point			
	(Impress)	•		
Knowledge	Student knows the rules of composition on the plane, editing and formatting text, creating tables, graphs, formatting and pasting illustrations to the text. Basics of visualization and computer animation. Student understands the program presentation, slide show and diaporama.			
Skills	Student is able to compose the plane, can edit text, create tables, graphs, format and paste illustrations to the text. Student understands the program presentation, slide show and diaporama.			
Other social	Student is sensitive to manifestations of art in the surrounding reality, which uses to build his own creative			
competences	attitude			

Course title	PRINCIPLES OF PLANT BREEDING				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	lecturing course / laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Stefan Stojałowski E-mail address to the person Stefan.Stojalowski@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-66	ECTS points	5		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	40		
Objectives of the course	Students will gain a general knowledge on cultivars	methods currently	applied in development and registration of plant		
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge on botany and genetics				
	Planning of field experiments and breeding	nurseries			
	Plant diseases - importance and methods of	of resistance breedi	ng		
	Lodging and pre-harvest sprouting in cerea	lls – how to improve	e the resistance of plants?		
	Lodging and pre-harvest sprouting in cereals – how to improve the resistance of plants? Assessment of plant fertility				
	Efficiency of selection in plant breeding				
	Marker Assisted Selection (MAS) in modern plant breeding				
	Applicability of genetic engineering for breeding new cultivars				
	Registration of cultivars – general rules				
	Collection of plant material for molecular diagnostic. Freezing and liophylization of samples.				
Course contents	Isolation of DNA from plant tissue				
	Quality control of DNA samples, Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) with diagnostic primers				
	Electrophoresis, visualization of amplified DNA fragments, interpretation of results				
	Cultivar - definition, the role in modern agriculture. Systems of plant reproduction				
	Source material for cultivar development				
	Aims and methods of inducing mutagenesis and polyploidy Plant hybridization (within the species and between different species) – methods and significance for cultivar development Recombination and selection - basic methods of breeding new cultivars				
	Heterosis and hybrid cultivars	as of breeding new	Cultivars		
	-	chiovomonts and n	perspectives for future		
	Biotechnology in plant breeding – current a Lecture				
	Workshop				
Assessment methods					
	Written exam (test)				
	Assessment of activity during workshops a				
Recommended	1. H. Kuckuck, G. Kobabe and G. Wenzel, F 1991	undamentals of Pla	nt Breeding, Springer Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg,		
readings	2. W. R. Fehr, Principles of Cultivar Develop	oment, Macmillan P	ublishing Company, New York, 1987		
Knowledge	Students will gain knowledge about methods of hybridization and selection in plant breeding				
	Students will gain skills with classic and modern methods of hybridization and selection of cereals and other				
Skills	important crops				
Other social	Student will know how to work within a team and know				
competences	work safety regulations				

Course title	PROCESSING TECHNOLOGIES OF HERBAL PLANTS				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Kamila Bojko E-mail address to the person kamila-bojko@zut.edu.pl				
Course code (if applicable)	WKSIR-1-67	ECTS points	5		
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45		
Objectives of the course	and aromatic plants	ducts odologies for the ev	valuation of quality and traceability of medicinal		
Entry requirements	microbiology)		ge base about plant raw materials (biochemistry,		
Course contents	Quality estimation of medicinal and aromatic plants according to pharmacopoeial requirements - organoleptic evaluation Quality estimation of medicinal and aromatic plants according to pharmacopoeial requirements - macroscopic evaluation Quality estimation of medicinal and aromatic plants according to pharmacopoeial requirements - microscopic evaluation Quality estimation of medicinal and aromatic plants according to pharmacopoeial requirements - microscopic evaluation Quality estimation of medicinal and aromatic plants according to pharmacopoeial requirements - physicochemical evaluation Preparation of raw plant material for drying process Parameters and methods of the drying process of herbs The effect of the drying process on the biologically active compound content Production of plant extracts Essential oil production Forms of herbal medicines				
Assessment methods	Lecture / multi-media presentation Laboratory exercises Completion of the assignments Project method / report Performance in lectures and laboratories Assessment of homework assignments Assessment of laboratory work skills Essay Report Written exam				
Recommended readings	 Barnes J., Anderson L.A., Philipson J.D., Herbal Medicines, Pharmaceutical Press, London, Chicago, 2007, 3rd Edition Handa S.S., Khanuja S.P.S., Longo G., Rakesh D.D., Extraction Technologies for Medicinal and Aromatic Plants, International Centre for Science and High Technology, Trieste, 2008 Student has a knowledge of herb drying technologies - the methods and their influence on the quality of the 				
Knowledge	final herbal product Student has knowledge of the major herb products - their production methods and properties Knowledge and understanding the European legislation involved				
Skills	Student is able to implement methodologies for the evaluation of quality and traceability of medicinal and aromatic plants				
Other social competences	Student is aware of the importance of different herb processing methods on the quality and medicinal properties of the final product				

Course title	PROCESSING TECHNOLOGIES OF WASTE FOR ENERGY PRODUCTION			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Grzegorz Jarnuszewski E-mail address to the person Grzegorz.Jarnuszewski@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-68	ECTS points	3	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	0	Hours per semester	14	
Objectives of the course	Knowledge of properties Municipial Solid V generation from Municipial Solid Waste an		ocessing technologies. Students learn energy y thermal and biological conversion.	
Entry requirements	Basic information on the waste manageme	•	5	
Course contents	Properties and composition of Municipial Solid Waste as a criterion for the use of thermal and biological conversion. Economic approach and environment impact of Municipial Solid Waste conversion methods Presentation of MSW processing technology (Waste incinerator) The composition and properties of Municipial Solid Waste. Division of thermal conversion methods of Municipial Solid Waste (MSW). Energy generation from Municipial Solid Waste by biological processing. Impact of processing methods of MSW to energy on environment.			
Assessment methods	Lectures/multimedia presentation laboratories/case method, demonstration elaboration test			
Recommended readings	 Young G. C., Municipal solid waste to energy conversion processes. Economic, technical, and renewable comparisons., John Wiley & Sons Inc., New Jersey, 2010 2. 2. Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control, Reference Document on the Best Available for Waste Incineration, European Commission, 2006 			
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of waste to energy conversion technologies.			
Skills	Student can recognize and select appropriate waste to converse to energy.			
Other social competences	Student has mind the rapid development of technologies conversion of waste to energy, and the need constantly expand knowledge in this area.			

Course title	PRODUCTION AND THE USE OF SOLID BIOFUELS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Marek Rynkiewicz	E-mail address to the person	Marek.Rynkiewicz@zut.edu.pl	
Course code (if applicable)	WKSIR-1-69	ECTS points	3	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	1	Hours per semester	22	
Objectives of the course	biomass to biofuels.		nows techniques and technologies convert	
Entry requirements	as a renewable energy source.		uels, understands the need for the use of biofuels	
Course contents	Quality evaluation of the solid biofuels: a) determination of bulk density and tapped density, b) determination of moisture content, c) determination of length and diameter of pellets and briquettes, d) determination of mechanical durability of pellets, e) particle density determination of pellets and briquettes, f) determination of hardness of pellets and briquettes, g) determination of particle size distribution Solid biofuels: a) terminology, biofuel specification and classes, b) resources solid biofuels, c) the use of solid biofuels as an energy source, d) characteristic of solid biofuels, e) the production process of pellets and briquettes, h) roll press pelleting, i) briquetting and pelleting processes			
Assessment methods	Multimedia lecture Operation Instructions Practical tasks - demonstration Doing practical tasks Electronic test (grade)			
Recommended readings	 Reports (grade) 1. Ingwald Obernberger, Gerold Thek, The Pellet Handbook: The Production and Thermal Utilisation of Pellets, Routledge, 2010, ISBN: 978-1-84401-631-4, english version 2. PN-EN ISO 17831-1:2016-02. Solid biofuels Terminology, definitions and descriptions, 2016, english version 3. PN-EN ISO 17225-2:2014-07. Solid biofuels Fuel specifications and classes Part 2: Graded wood pellets, 2014, english version 4. PN-EN ISO 17225-3:2014-7 determines the fuel quality classes and specifications of graded wood briquettes, 2014, english version 5. PN-ISO 17225-6:2014-8 Solid biofuels Fuel specifications and classes Part 6: Graded non-woody pellets, 2014, english version 6. PN-EN ISO 17828:2016-02. Solid biofuels Determination of bulk density, 2016, english version 7. PN-EN ISO 17831-1:2016-02. Determination of mechanical durability of pellets and briquettes Part 1: Pellets, 2016, english version 			
Knowledge	The student knows the terminology relate biomass conversion to biofuels.		nd knows the techniques and technologies for	
Skills	The student selects the machinery and equipment needed to process biomass for biofuels and is able to practically determine the physical parameters of solid biofuels based on standards.			
Other social competences	The student understands the need to use appropriate techniques and technologies in the production of biofuels while maintaining the quality parameters of biofuels			

Course title	QUALITY ASSESSMENT OF SELECTED HORTICULTURAL CROPS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Kamila Bojko E-mail address to the person kamila-bojko@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-70	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the	Providing knowledge of organoleptic and la	boratory methods	of horticultural crop quality assessment	
course	Shaping student skills to assess the quality	of fruits and veget	ables according to the current standards	
Entry requirements	Basic knowledge of biochemistry, vegetabl	e and fruit crops		
	Chemical analyses of selected horticultural	crops		
Course contents	Classification (botanical and horticultural), origin, structure, and quality standards of main horticultural crops			
	Quality features (appearance, texture, flavour, nutritive value and safety) of fruits, vegetables and herbs.			
	Lecture / multi-media presentation			
	Laboratory exercises			
	Completion of the assignments			
	Project method / report			
Assessment methods	Performance in lectures and laboratories			
	Assessment of the homework assignments			
	Assessment of laboratory work skills			
	Report			
	Test			
Recommended	1. Preece J.E., Read P.E., The biology of hor	ticulture, John Wile	y & Sons, Inc., USA, 2005	
readings	2. Picó Y., Chemical analysis of food. Techr	niques and applicati	ons, Elsevier, USA, 2012, 1st Ed.	
	Student has knowledge of organoleptic and laboratory methods of horticultural crop quality assessment			
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of legal regulations	applied for the qua	ality estimation of horticultural products	
Skills	Student has skills to assess individually the quality of fruits and vegetables and give the conclusions of obtained results according to the current standards			
Other social competences	Student is aware of the influence of different internal and external factors on the quality of food			

Course title	RURAL LANDSCAPE				
Level of course	first cycle				
Teaching method	project course / field course / lecture				
Person responsible for the course	Magdalena Rzeszotarska-Pałka	E-mail address to the person	Magdalena.Rzeszotarska-Palka@zut.edu.pl		
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-71	ECTS points	3		
Semester	summer	Language of instruction	english		
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30		
Objectives of the course	Making the student acquainted with the history of rural settlement development with particular emphasis on Western Pomerania. Acquisition of knowledge about the characteristic components of the rural landscape, the legal conditions in rural areas and methods of rural landscape revitalization. Acquiring the skills to develop a proposal for the revitalization of a rural landscape, on the example of a selected village, including the analysis of its existing condition, valorisation of the landscape and the study of spatial transformation of the village.				
Entry requirements	Basics of landscape design. Basic knowledg	ge of graphic metho	ods in design.		
		n of the rural landso	•		
	for the village. Preparation of preliminary functional and spatial guidelines for the selected area of the village and the initial concept of spatial development in this area, in line with its environmental, cultural and economic conditions.				
Course contents	Presentations of student work on the revitalization of the landscape of selected villages. Characteristic features of village landscapes in Western Pomerania. Impact of large-scale economy on transformations of the rural landscape.				
course contents	An outline of the development of agricultural culture in the world and in Poland.				
	Development of rural settlement in Poland, with particular emphasis on the area of West Pomerania.				
	Characteristic constituents of rural landscape.				
	Characteristic features of village landscapes in Western Pomerania.				
		mations of the rural	landscape and trends in the contemporary		
	development of rural areas.	design Provisions	of a landscape resolution in rural areas. Principles		
	for shaping and revitalizing rural landscape		or a fandscape resolution in rural areas. I finciples		
	Information lecture illustrated with the use of multimedia techniques				
	Project (design) method, case study				
A	Fieldwork (case study)				
Assessment methods	Continuous assessment				
	Intermediate presentations: mid-semester review				
	Final evaluation of individual work (design)				
Province de l	 Rzeszotarska-Pałka M., Czałczyńska-Podolska M., Guidelines for revitalization of rural areas based on landscape studies, Czasopismo Techniczne, Kraków, 2019, tom Rzeszotarska-Pałka M., Czałczyńska-Podolska M., Use of Landscape Audit Methodology for the Cultural- Aesthetic Values Evaluation (Case Study), Architektura Krajobrazu, Wrocław, 2018, tom 58 				
Recommended readings	 A. Szymski, M. Rzeszotarska-Pałka, J. Ignaczak-Felińska, Pomeranian village yesterday and today. Monograph of selected villages of West Pomerania, wyd. Walkowska, Szczecin, 2006 Kupidura A., THE ROLE OF LANDSCAPE HERITAGE IN INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT OF RURAL AREAS IN THE CONTEXT OF "LANDSCAPE LEGAL REGULATION", POLISH ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, Commission of Technical Rural Infrastructure, Kraków, 2017, III/1/2017 				
Knowledge	The student has knowledge about the history of rural settlement development, as well as the characteristic constituents of the rural landscape, legal conditions in rural areas and methods of rural landscape revitalization.				
Skills	The student is able to develop proposals for the revitalization of rural landscape: perform analyzes of the existing condition, valorisation of the landscape and study of spatial transformations of village.				
Other social competences	Can formulate design guidelines and develop a preliminary concept of rural landscape revitalization. The student is aware of the importance of social and professional responsibility for shaping the landscape of rural areas. The student is aware of the impact of various situational conditions on the process of lanscaping in rural areas.				

Course title	SELECTION AND USE OF ORNAMENTAL PLANTS IN THEMATIC GARDENS			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	lecturing course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Agnieszka Zawadzińska E-mail address to the person Agnieszka.Zawadzinska@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-72	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	design of green areas.		abitat requirements and applicability in the	
	Gaining knowledge and skills of the design			
Entry requirements		•	nts, their requirements and decorative value.	
Course contents	Monoculture gardens, rose gardens, woodland and heather gardens, village gardens, sensory gardens, winter gardens - principles of the development and selection of plant species and cultivars to the selected type of garden. Project of thematic garden The criteria for selection of plants for landscaping and characteristics of thematic gardens. Monoculture gardens, rose gardens, woodland and heather gardens, village gardens, sensory gardens, winter			
	gardens - basic information of structure.	_		
	Lecture / multi-media presentation			
Assessment methods	; Subject excercises			
	project work			
	1. Robinson W., Darke R., The Wild Garder	: Expanded Edition,	Timber Press, Portland, Oregon., 2009	
Recommended	2. Swan J., Turning gardens into multisensory experiences, Nursing & Residential Care, 2011			
readings	3. Hussein H., An Exploratory Study of Sen	sory Gardens, http:	//premisejournal.blogspot.com	
	Student knows the basic assortment of orr	namental plants use	d for planting in different green areas.	
Knowledge	The student has a basic knowledge on how to use, cultivate and care of ornamental plants in different green areas.			
	The student can recognize and make inventory of ornamental plants in the areas, as well as choose appropriate			
Skills	species and cultivars having their habitat requirements and decorative values. The student is able to determine the needs and guidelines for the selection of plants, their cultivation and care in themed gardens.			
Other social competences	The student is aware of the need of self-education and ready to work in team.			
competences				

Course title	URBAN LANDSCAPE			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	project course / field course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Eliza Sochacka-Sutkowska Eliza.Sochacka-Sutkowska@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-73	ECTS points	3	
Semester	summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	urban landscape, through recognizing its s	structure, function a	-	
course		-	d the importance of the urban landscape identity.	
Entry requirements	Knowledge of urban planning and landsca studies.	pe design at the lev	el of the first degree of Landscape Architecture	
Course contents	proposals for the harmonization of selected problem sites. Perception and aestetic preference of the urban landscape. Urban spaces and open space sequence - perception and design principles. Selected methods of urban landscape research. Principles of creating urban composition. Functional and spatial structure of cities. Panoramas and silhouettes of the city. Visual elements of Landscape. Concept of the urban landscape identity.			
Assessment methods	problem lecture; discussion; presentation method; designing classes;			
	Written exam with lecture content and literature			
	Evaluation of practical works of the urban landscape, guidelines and proposals for spatial interventions. Assessment of the ability to capture the logic and structure of the city landscape in a synthetic, legible and coherent manner - ideogram "identity of the city landscape"			
	1. Lynch Kevin, The Image of the City, The			
Recommended	2. Waldheim Charls, Landscape as Urbanism, Priceton University Press, 2016			
readings	3. Allan Tønnesen, InterSAVE : international survey of architectural values in the environment, Skov- og Naturstyrelsen, Copenhagen, 1997			
Knowledge	The student lists and characterizes selected concepts of the urban landscape research, knows the principles of valorization of urban space.			
Skills	The student is able to recognize and characterize urban composition and make visual assessment of the urban landscape, knows its individual elements and their role in landscape.			
Other social competences	The student notices the uniqueness and beauty of the urban landscape and understands their importance for building the city's identity.			

Course title	WATER AND WASTWATER TREATMENT			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Hanna Siwek E-mail address to the person Hanna.Siwek@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-74	ECTS points	3	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	1	Hours per semester	25	
Objectives of the course	treatment, including construction, dimensi precipitation, sludge treatment technologie	oning and operatior es, systems and me	nt and future water purification and wastewater . Processes based on filtration and chemical thods for recovery of nutrients from sewage.	
Entry requirements	Taken at least one undergraduate course i Taken at least one undergraduate course i Comfort with doing some math		'; '	
	Basic physical and chemical water and wastwater parameters - pH, dissolved oxygen, conductance, turbidity.			
	Coagulation. Water treatment with iron salts			
	Adsorption of organic contaminants on active coal. Adsorption models			
Course contents	Aeration. Iron removal techniques (deferrization)			
	Supply water characteristics, water quality, drinking water standards			
	Conventional water and wastewater treatment processes: aeration, sedimentation, rapid mixing, flocculation, coagulation, filtration, disinfection, flouridation, water softening, turbidity removal, Advanced water and wastwater treatment processes: ion exchange, ozonation, adsorption, ultra filtration, membrane processes, UV disinfection, phosphorus removal, nitrogen removal (nitrification/denitrification),			
	multimedia lecture	•		
	practical exercises			
Assessment methods	· ; Continuous asssessment, reports			
	test			
	discussion during the classes			
Recommended	1. Droste, R.L., Theory and Practice of Wat	er and Wastewater	Treatment, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1997	
readings	2. 2. Kawamura, S., Integrated Design	of Water Treatment	t Facilities, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2000	
Knowledge	Student has knowledge of the physical, che	emical, and biologic	al water and wastewater treatment processes.	
Skills	Student understands the purpose, operation, underlying mechanisms, and basic design principles of common water and wastewater treatment processes			
Other social competences	Student understands contemporary water and wastewater treatment processes issues in a global and societal context.			

Course title	WATER CHEMISTRY			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Hanna Siwek E-mail address to the person Hanna.Siwek@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-75	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	english	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	control the composition of water in enviro To illustrate elementary chemical water a interpretation.	nments. nalysis and to provic	_	
Entry requirements	Taken at least one undergraduate course Taken at least one undergraduate course Comfort with doing some math		/;	
Course contents	Environmental sampling of water Basic characteristics of water: turbidity, pH, conductance The properties of buffer solutions Acid-base indication of water alkalinity and acidity. Indication of corrosivity of waters. Determination of Water Hardness using Complexometric titration Spectrophotometric determination of nutrients: nitrogen (ammonia, nitrate, nitrite) and phosphorus compounds in water Interpretation of chemical analyses Physical chemistry of water. Hydrogen bonds. Physical states and properties of water. Chemical properties of water. Mineral and gas solubility. Environmental water buffers. Physical and chemical characteristics of water. Standard methods of water analysis. Kinds of environmental waters and their essential characteristics.			
Assessment methods	multimedia lecture practical exercises Continuous asssessment, reports test discussion during the classes			
Recommended	1. Mark M. Benjamin, Water Chemistry, W			
readings	2. Patrick Brezonik, William Arnold, Water	•	•	
Knowledge	Student has the knowledge of basic processes in natural waters and the ability to assess the usage of surface waters in particular purpose based on results of chemical analysis			
Skills	Student has a working knowledge in hydrochemical laboratory and establishes the basic physical-chemical parameters in water			
Other social competences	Student understands water pollution issues in a global and societal context and collaborates and solves problems in group.			

Course title	БИЛКАРСТВО (BILKARSTVO)			
Level of course	first cycle			
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture			
Person responsible for the course	Dorota Jadczak E-mail address to the person Dorota.Jadczak@zut.edu.pl			
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-76	ECTS points	4	
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	bulgarian	
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30	
Objectives of the course	Дисциплината «Билкарство» дава основни познания за морфологията, систематиката и характеристиката на фитофармацевтичните свойства на лечебните растения. Студентите се запознават с видовото разнообразие на лечебните растения, суровините и тяхното разпознаване. Придобиват знания за съдържанието на биологично-активните вещества в билките, технологичните изисквания при събиране, сушене и съхраняване на лечебните растения и тяхната употреба.			
Entry requirements	Знания по ботаника, биохимия и физиол	огия на растеният	a.	
Course contents	Ботаническо описание, разпространение, основни лечебни съставки, използване на: розмарин, босилек, майорана, бял и червен риган, градински чай, динка, градинскг чубрица, мента, коча трева, маточина, исоп, мащерка, естрагон, азмацук, резене, ким, кориандър, синап, магданоз, копър, девесил, обикновен анасон, лазаркиня, лопох, валериана, медицинска лайка, артишок, жълт кантарион, бял трън, културен лен, горски слез, арника, невен, индиански татул, вълнен напръстник, момина сълза, глухарче, коприва, полски хвощ, липа, дървовиден бъз. История и значение на лечебните растения в Полша. Биологично-активни вещества в лечебните растения и тяхното влияние върху човешкия организъм. Събиране, сушене, съхраняване и изисквания за качество на лечебните растения.			
Assessment methods	Лекции Обсъждане на проблема - дискусия, оценка на качеството на суровините Практически методи - разпознаване на растенията, идентификация на суровините			
Recommended readings	 Николова А., Лечебни растения., Академично издателство на Аграрния университет, Пловдив, 2010 Митрев А., Попова С., Атлас на лечебните растения в България, София, 2011 Евстатиева Л., 10 технологии за отглеждане на билки, Фондация С.Е.Г.А., 2008 			
Knowledge	След завършване на дисциплината студентът познава биологично активните вещества в лечебните растения. методи за събиранер сушение и съхраняване на суровини.			
Skills	Студентът знае как да употребява своите знания при събиране, обработка и употреба на основните лчебни растения.			
Other social competences	Студентът по одговорен начин решава проблеми свързани с работата с билковите растения.			

Course title	ЗЕЛЕНЧУКОПРОИЗВОДСТВО - 2 ЧАСТ (ZELENCUKOPROIZVODSTVO CAST 2.)		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Dorota Jadczak	E-mail address to the person	Dorota.Jadczak@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-77	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	bulgarian
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45
Objectives of the course	Целта на курса по "Зеленчукопроизводство II част" е запознаване на студентите с методите на отглеждане на основните полски зеленчукови култури, стопанското им значение, ботаническата и биологичната характеристика, класификацията на сортовете.		
Entry requirements	Знания по ботаника, биохимия и физиол	огия на растеният	а, общо зеленчукопроизводство.
Course contents	Изисквания към сортовете на: домати, пипер, краставици, тикви, градински фасул, грах, бакла, зелеви култури (главесто зеле, цветно зеле, алабаш, савойско зеле, броколи), салати, спанак, лукови култури (лук, праз, чесън), морков, магданоз, целина, салатно цвекло, репички, аспержи, хрян, ревен. Значение, разпространение, класификация, ботаническо описание, технология на отглеждане : домати, пипер, краставици, тикви, градински фасул, грах, бакла, зелеви култури (главесто зеле, цветно зеле, алабаш, савойско зеле, броколи), салати, спанак, лукови култури (лук, праз, чесън), морков, магданоз, целина, салатно цвекло, репички, аспержи, хрян, ревен.		
Assessment methods	Лекции Упражнения текущ контрол оценка по проекта изпит		
Recommended readings	 Чолаков Д. Т., Зеленчукопроизводство, Академично издателство на Аграрния университет, Пловдив, 2009 Карталов П. и д, Зеленчукопроизводство със семепроизводство, София, 1990 Михов, Кр., Н. Панайотов, Ст. Филипов, Т. Бабриков, Ръководство за упражнения по зеленчукопроизводство със семепроизводство, Пловдив, 2001 		
Knowledge	След завършване на дисциплината студентът познава разлика в технологии на отглеждаане на основните зеленчукови култури в Полша и България=		
Skills	Студентът правилно прилаго съответната технология на отглеждаане на основните зеленчукови култури така в Полша, както и България. Познава изискванията към сортовете итн.		
Other social competences	Той е наясно с важността на производството и потреблението на зеленчуци в световен мащаб.		

Course title	ЗЕЛЕНЧУКОПРОИЗВОДСТВО - I ЧАСТ (ZELENCUKOPROIZVODSTVO CAST 1.)		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Dorota Jadczak	E-mail address to the person	Dorota.Jadczak@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-78	ECTS points	4
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	bulgarian
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	Целта на курса е запознаване на студентите с развитието на зеленчукопроизводството в Полша, хранителното значение на зеленчуците и основните изисквания при отглеждане на различни видове зеленчукови култури.		
Entry requirements	Знания по ботаника, биохимия и физиол	югия на растеният	ra.
	Размножаване и разсадопроизводство на зеленчуковите растения, култивационни съоръжения в полското зеленчукопроизводство.		
	Особености при торене на зеленчукови култури - изчисляване на торните дози.		
Course contents	Схеми на зеленчукови сеитбообращения.		
course contents	Класификация на зеленчуковите растения. Изисквания на зеленчуците към основните екологични фактори: топлина, светлина, почвена и въздушна влажност, хранителен и въздушно-газов режим.		
	Особености при обработката на почвата, торенето и напояването на зеленчуковите култури, борба с болести и насекоми.		
	Теоретични основи и особености при прибиране, транспорт и сортиране на реколтата.		
	Лекции обсъждащи проблеми		
	Упражнения - съвместна работа с преподавателя		
Assessment methods	Презентация		
Assessment methods	Текущ контрол		
	Презентация		
	Изпит		
	1. Чолаков Д. Т., Зеленчукопроизводство, Академично издателство на Аграрния университет, Пловдив, 2009		
Recommended readings	2009 2. Михов, Кр., Н. Панайотов, Ст. Филипов, Бабриков Т., Ръководство за упражнения по зеленчукопроизводство със семепроизводство, Пловдив, 2001		
Knowledge	студентът познава класификация на зеленчуковите растения в Полша и България, биологичното им значение, изисквания на зеленчуците към екологичните фактори, методи на размножаване и основните меропприятия прилагани в зеленчукопроизводство по време на вегетационния период (обработка на почвата, прилагане на култивационните съоръжения, сеитбообръщения, борба с болести и неприятели, прибиране на реколтата и др.)		
Skills	Студентът притежава умения за практическо приложение на знанията си.		
Other social competences	Студентът осъзнава рисковетете и може да оцени значиние на вършената от него дейност в областта на зеленчукопроизводството		

Course title	ИНТЕГРИРАНО ПРОИЗВОДСТВО НА ЗЕЛЕНЧУЦИ И БИЛКИ (INTEGRIRANO PROIZVODSTVO NA ZELENCUCI I BILKI)		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Dorota Jadczak	E-mail address to the person	Dorota.Jadczak@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-79	ECTS points	4
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	bulgarian
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	Целта на курса по "Интегрирано производство на зеленчуци и билки" е запознаване на студентите с методите на интегрирано отглеждане на основните полски зеленчукови култури и билки, основни принципи при отглеждането им.		
Entry requirements	Знания по ботаника, биохимия, физиоло	гия на растенията	, зеленчукопроизводство.
	Технология на интегрираното отглеждане на избраните зеленчукови растения: домати, пипер, краставици, лук, моркови, ранни картофи, основни билкови растения.		
Course contents	Същност и основа на интегрирано зеленчукопроизводство. Основни принципи в интегрираното зеленчукопроизводство, торене с органични торове, изграждане на балансирани сеитбообращения, естествено стимулиране на растенията, стимулиране на полезните насекоми и животни, алтернативни системи за борба с болестите при условията на интегрираното производство на зеленчуците.		
Assessment methods	лекции упражнения		
	презентация проект текущ контрол		
	оценка по проекта		
	оценка по презентация		
	изпит		
	изпит 1. Производство на биологични зеленчуци на открито, Биоселена, 2011		
Recommended readings	ded 2. Атанасов Н. и др., Интегрирана защита на оранжерийните култури от болести и неприятели, Виден и син & ПантаНес, 2005 3. Каров, Ст., Н. Панайотов, Андреев Р., Биологично производство на зеленчукови култури. Домати. Пипер. В: Хр. Янчева (ред). Наръчник по биологично земеделие, ИК "ВАП", Пловдив, 2007 4. Попов Вл., Карова А., Биологично земеделие, Академично издателство на Аграрния университет, Пловдив, 2011		водство на зеленчукови култури. но земеделие, ИК "ВАП", Пловдив, 2007
Knowledge	След завършване на дисциплината студентът придобива представа за същността и основни принципи в интегрираното зеленчукопроизводство.		
Skills	Познава технологии на интегрираното отглеждане на избраните зеленчукови и билкови растения.		
Other social competences	Студентът разбира значение на интегрираното производство на растителна храна за човека и околната среда.		

Course title	СЕЛЕКЦИЯ И СЕМЕПРОИЗВОДСТВО НА ЗЕЛЕНЧУКОВИТЕ КУЛТУРИ /SELEKCIYA I SEMEPROIZVODSTVO NA ZELENCUKOVITE KULTURI		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Dorota Jadczak	E-mail address to the person	Dorota.Jadczak@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-80	ECTS points	5
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	bulgarian
Hours per week	3	Hours per semester	45
Objectives of the course	Запознаване на студенти с генетични особености на зеленчуковите сортове, биологията на цъфтежа и опложданието, обработка на посевния материал, агротехнини и технологични принципи при зеленчуковото семепроизводство, изисквания на закона за посевния и посадъчен материал.		
Entry requirements	Морфологични особености на семенниците; производство, съхраняване, подбор и засаждане на щеклинги при двегодишни зеленчукови култури.		
Course contents	Физични свойства на семената. Окачествяване на семенния материал, сушене съхраняване на семената. Грижи за семепроизводителните посеви. Закон за посевния и посадъчен материал на РБ и релевантни актове от Европейското законодателство. Биология на цъфтежа, опрашването и оплождането при съответни видове зеленчукови култури. Семепроизводство на: зелеви зеленчуци, домати, пипер, краставици, моркови, целина, магданоз, салатно цвекло, лук, праз, фасул, грах, репички, спанак и салати. Морфологични особености на семенниците; производство, съхраняване, подбор и засаждане на щеклинги при двегодишни зеленчукови култури.		
Assessment methods	лекции обсъждаши проблема упражнения - съвместна работа с преподавателя презентация текущ контрол оценка на презентацията на студента оценка на проекта писмен изпит		
Recommended readings	 Закон за посевния и посадъчен материал на РБ, 2011 Генков Г., Муртазов Т., Минков Ил., Зеленчукопроизводство със селекция и семепроизводствол София., София., 1994 Михов К., Панайотов Н., Филипов С., Бабриков Т., Ръководство за упражнения по зеленчукопроизводство със семепроизводство., АУ Пловдив, Пловдив, 2001 		
Knowledge	Студентът познава начини на семепроизводство на съответни видове зеленчукови култури, биология на цъфтежа, опрашването и оплождането, запознат е с морфологични особености на семенниците; производство, съхраняване, подбор и засаждане на щеклинги при двегодишни зеленчукови култури.		
Skills	Студентът притежава практически умения при семепроизводство на отделните визове зеленчукови култури и окачествяване на семенния материал.		
Other social competences	Студентът осъзнава рисковете и може да оценява значимостта на вършената от него дейност.		

Course title	СЪБИРАНЕ НА ДИВОРАСТЯЩИ БИЛКИ (SYBIRANE NA DIVORASTYASTI BILKI)		
Level of course	first cycle		
Teaching method	laboratory course / lecture		
Person responsible for the course	Dorota Jadczak	E-mail address to the person	Dorota.Jadczak@zut.edu.pl
Course code (if applicable)	WKSiR-1-81	ECTS points	4
Semester	winter/summer	Language of instruction	bulgarian
Hours per week	2	Hours per semester	30
Objectives of the course	Дисциплината «Събиране на диворастящи билки" дава основни познания за морфологията, систематиката и характеристиката на фитофармацевтичните свойства на диворастящите лечебни растения. Студентите се запознават с видово разнообразие на диворастящите лечебни растения, суровини и тяхното разпознаване. Придобиват знания за съдържанието на биологично-активни вещества в билките, изискванията при разпознаване, събиране, сушене и съхраняване на суровините и тяхната употреба.		
Entry requirements	Знания по ботаника, биохимия и физиол	огия на растеният	a.
Course contents	Фитосоциологично проучване на групите растения и оценка на местообитанието им. Описание, употребяема част, начин на бране и сушене, химичен състав и употреба на по важните диворастящи билки. Значение на диворастящите лечебни растения. Опазване на околната среда и правилен надзор при събиране на лечебните растения от природата, принципи за разумно събиране, срокове и начини на събирането. Местообитание на по-важните видове: влажни зони – езера, реки, брегове и наводнявани зони, влажни и блатнести почви, тресавища, влажни ливади; сухи зони - пасища, угари, земеделски земи, гори, поляни, храсти.		
Assessment methods	лекции упражнения проект оценка на проекта текущ контрол изпит		
Recommended readings	 Канисков В., Лечебните растения в България - енциклопедичен справочник., София, 2011 Митрев А., Попова С., Атлас на лечебните растения в България, София, 1982 Николов С. (гл. Редактор), Специализирана енциклопедия на лечебните растения, Книгоиздателска къща Труд, 2006 		
Knowledge	Студентът познава видове диварастящите лечебни растения и биологично активните вещества в тях, принципи зъдължаващи при събирането им свързано със защита на околната среда.		
Skills	Знае как да употребява своите знания при събиране, обработка и употреба на основните лчебни растения.		
Other social competences	Студентът е наясно с важността на лечебни растения събирани от околната среда, познава начини за опазване на околната среда и правилен надзор при събиране на лечебните растения от природата.		